



2025 Social Barriers Survey

Prepared for:



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Survey Methodology

The 2024 Social Barriers Survey was conducted with 137 residents of Stark County, OH. Respondents were at least 18 years of age and were currently receiving services from one or more of the organizations that administered the survey. These organizations include Access Health Stark County, CommQuest, Aultman Generations, Stark County Health Department, Massillon City Health Department, and Alliance Family Health Center. The final sample consisted of a total of 137 respondents. Surveys were administered by paper and data entered.





Executive Summary

OVERALL FAMILY NEEDS

- When asked what were the most important issues facing their family or household, the most common issues mentioned included financial issues such as lack of money or bills in general (44.9%), food insecurity (44.1%), housing (40.9%), transportation (29.9%), and health care (27.6%).
- Next, respondents were given a list of five different issue areas and asked if any had ever prevented them or anyone in their household from being able to go to the doctors or other health-related appointments. Nearly half, 46.0%, reported past transportation issues such as not having a way to get to the things they need. Nearly a third, 29.9%, reported experiencing housing issues such as having trouble finding a place to live or paying for house or rent while 29.2% had utility costs issues such as not having enough money or support for electric, gas, water, or other services. Nearly a quarter, 22.6%, had food insecurity issues such as not having enough food for them or their family and 17.5% indicated having health literacy issues such as not understanding their health issues or what they're supposed to do.

Summary Table: Overall Family Needs

		%	N
Most Important Issue Facing Family (combined mentions: open end – top 3)	Finances, money, bills in general	44.9%	127
	Food insecurity	44.1%	
	Housing	40.9%	
Issue ever kept them/household from doctor or health related appointment (% had issue)	Transportation	46.0%	137
	Housing	29.9%	
	Utility costs	29.2%	
	Food insecurity	22.6%	
	Health Literacy	17.5%	
	None	32.8%	

TRANSPORTATION NEEDS

- Less than half of respondents, 40.9%, reported rarely or never unable to get where they needed to go because they did not have a way to get there while 15.7% reported they have this issue several times a year. Over a third, 34.6%, reported they were unable to get where they needed to go because of transportation more than once a month or more often.
- Next, respondents were given a list of fifteen transportation related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household has experienced each issue in the past year. A majority, 76.9%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. The transportation issues most prevalent were unable to afford Uber, Lyft, or cab services (35.0%), difficulty maintaining or repairing a vehicle (34.3%), difficulty buying a vehicle because of credit (29.2%), do not have others to rely on for a ride (29.2%), unable to afford a car payment (27.0%), a ride from friends or family fell through (27.0%), and not having a valid driver's license (26.3%).
- Respondents were also given a list of twelve different activities and asked how often transportation prevented them from getting to the activity in the past year. Nearly a sixth or more of respondents were always or often not able to get to the following due to transportation issues: personal care such as hair, shopping, or errands (20.5%), social or recreational issues (20.4%), food or grocery store (18.2%), religious or spiritual activities (16.6%), and behavioral/mental health services (15.6%).
- A car or vehicle and gas money or gas card were mentioned most often when asked what they need to make sure that they and their families can get to the places they need to be at like a job or doctor's appointment.



Summary Table: Transportation Needs			
		%	N
How often unable to get where need to go because of no transportation	Rarely or never	40.9%	127
	Several times a year	15.7%	
	About once a month	8.7%	
	More than once a month	17.3%	
	Once a week or more often	17.3%	
Experienced in past year	Unable to afford Uber, Lyft, or cab services	35.0%	137
	Difficulty maintaining or repairing a vehicle	34.3%	
	Difficulty buying a vehicle because of credit	29.2%	
	Do not have others to rely on for a ride	29.2%	
	Unable to afford car payment	27.0%	
	Ride from friends or family fell through	27.0%	
	No valid driver's license	26.3%	
	Difficulty keeping vehicle insurance coverage	24.8%	
	Unable to get gas because of cost of gas	24.1%	
	No access to a household vehicle	22.6%	
	Closest bus stop was too far away, unable to use	13.1%	
	Unable to use bus service because cost	13.1%	
	Unable to pay fines or tickets	12.4%	
	Work schedule changed and affected trans options	11.7%	
	Unable to drive/use bus because of a disability	9.5%	
	Had none of the issues	24.1%	
How often transportation prevented them from getting to . . . (% often or always)	Personal care (hair, shopping, errands, etc.)	20.5%	107
	Social/recreational activities	20.4%	113
	Food/grocery stores	18.2%	115
	Religious/spiritual activities	16.6%	114
	Behavioral/mental health services	15.6%	115
	A Job	14.4%	111
	Somewhere in the community to pay a bill	13.8%	109
	Medical care	13.0%	115
	A job interview	11.6%	112
	Legal appointment	8.2%	110
	Education (school or training program)	7.5%	108
	Daycare	4.7%	107
What need regarding transportation (open-end – top 4)	Car/vehicle	32.0%	75
	Gas money/gas card	20.0%	
	Bus pass	12.0%	
	Access to dependable drivers/reliable transport	12.0%	

FOOD INSECURITY

→ Respondents were given a list of ten food insecurity related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household has experienced each issue in the past year. More than two-thirds, 70.1%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. The food insecurity related issues most prevalent included running out of food before their next

paycheck (45.3%), having trouble getting enough food (39.4%), couldn't afford to eat healthy meals (33.6%), too hard to get to the grocery store (29.9%), and they ate less or skipped meals because there wasn't enough money for food (22.6%).

- Around half of respondents reported that they received food stamps/EBT/SNAP (56.2%) or got help with food from food pantries (46.7%) while a quarter or more received help with food from friends or relatives (27.7%) or WIC (24.8%).
- Respondents were also given a list of nine items and asked if they or anyone in their household did any to make sure they had enough money for food. Things respondents were most likely to do included borrowing from a friend or family (37.2%), not paying utilities on time (27.0%), not paying rent or mortgage on time (23.4%), and neglecting their healthcare needs (16.1%).
- When given a list, the three most common items that would help respondents to get enough food for them and their family were affordable housing (39.4%), affordable utilities (35.0%), and being able to get around easier or having better transportation (32.8%).
- Finally, respondents were asked what they felt was needed in the community to help them get enough food and fresh fruit and vegetables for them and their family. The most common responses were affordable groceries, a closer grocery store, and closer or more food pantries.

Summary Table: Food Insecurity			
		%	N
Experienced in past year	Running out of food before next paycheck	45.3%	137
	Have trouble getting enough food	39.4%	
	Couldn't afford to eat healthy meals	33.6%	
	Too hard to get to the grocery store	29.9%	
	Ate less/skipped meals because there wasn't enough money for food	22.6%	
	Not enough time for shopping or cooking	11.7%	
	Lost weight or had a health problem because there wasn't enough money for food	8.0%	
	No working refrigerator available	6.6%	
	No working stove or cooktop available	5.8%	
	Didn't know how to prepare food	3.6%	
	None of the above	29.9%	
Help received in past year for food	Food stamps/EBT/SNAP	56.2%	137
	Food pantries	46.7%	
	Friends/relatives	27.7%	
	WIC	24.8%	
	Special food assistance during holidays	17.5%	
	Free or reduced school breakfast or lunch	16.1%	
	Community meal sites	13.1%	
	Shelters	10.2%	
	Home delivered meals	5.8%	
	Summer breakfast programs	5.1%	
	Voucher or coupon program	4.4%	
	None of the above	16.8%	
Things done in past year to make sure had	Borrowed from a friend or family	37.2%	137
	Not paid utilities on time (<i>water, electric, phone, etc.</i>)	27.0%	
	Not paid rent or mortgage on time	23.4%	

Summary Table: Food Insecurity			
		%	N
enough money for food	Neglected healthcare needs	16.1%	
	Moved in with family or friends	13.9%	
	Didn't take medicine or renew prescription	11.7%	
	Got an additional job	10.9%	
	Used payday loan services	8.8%	
	Moved into a shelter	7.3%	
	Other	3.6%	
	None of the above	32.8%	
What would help get enough food	Affordable housing	39.4%	137
	Affordable utilities (water, electric, phone)	35.0%	
	Being able to get around easier	32.8%	
	Have a grocery store nearby	19.0%	
	Help in applying for food programs	17.5%	
	Affordable childcare	13.1%	
	Have fresh fruits and vegetables in a store nearby	13.1%	
	Learning how to plan money for food	12.4%	
	Having a place to grow your own food	8.0%	
	Learning how to grow your own food	7.3%	
	Learning how to cook	3.6%	
	Other	2.9%	
	None of the above	23.4%	
What need regarding food (open-end – top 3)	Affordable groceries	21.7%	60
	Closer grocery store	20.0%	
	Closer/more food pantries	18.3%	

HEALTH INFORMATION

- Respondents were given a list of twelve health literacy related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household has experienced each issue in the past year. More than half, 55.5%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. The health literacy related issues most prevalent included finding a doctor or mental health provider (19.7%), completing health questionnaires at the doctor or provider office (19.7%), calling a doctor or provider for appointments or follow-ups (16.1%), using a computer (15.3%), and understanding words used by providers (14.6%).
- A third of respondents, 33.3%, reported that it was very or somewhat hard for them to understand what their doctor or provider tells them during visits or when they got back home.
- Significantly fewer, 18.5%, reported that it was somewhat or very hard for them to understand what their pills or medicines are for and how they take them. A notable portion, 14.5%, reported that they do not take medications.
- Less than three-quarters, 70.9%, of residents reported having access to the internet at home while slightly fewer, 67.0%, had access to the internet someplace else. Less than half of residents reported having a computer at home while slightly more, 50.0% reported having access to a computer someplace else when they need it.
- When asked what doctors or nurses could do to help them understand their health information better, the two most common responses were to provide a simpler/easier explanation and to provide a translator. Using videos, pictures, or examples was the top recommendation for other things that would help them understand their health information better.

Summary Table: Health Information			
		%	N
Had trouble in past year	Finding a doctor or mental health provider	19.7%	137
	Completing health questionnaires at the doctor's	19.7%	
	Calling doctor for appointments or follow-ups	16.1%	
	Using a computer	15.3%	
	Understanding words used by the providers	14.6%	
	Reading English	13.1%	
	Writing English	11.7%	
	Reading	10.9%	
	Math	10.9%	
	Speaking English	10.2%	
	Following written directions from your doctor	9.5%	
	Understanding how risky behaviors impact health	8.8%	
	None of the above	44.5%	
How hard to understand what doctor says	Very hard	8.9%	123
	Somewhat hard	24.4%	
	Not hard at all	66.7%	
How hard to understand what medicines are for	Very hard	0.8%	124
	Somewhat hard	17.7%	
	Not hard at all	66.9%	
	<i>Do not take medications</i>	14.5%	
Has access to	A computer at home	42.0%	119
	A computer somewhere else	50.0%	102
	Internet at home	70.9%	110
	Internet someplace else	67.0%	100
What drs could do to help understand info (open-end – top 3)	Easier/Simple explanation/Speak slowly	30.8%	52
	Translator	19.2%	
	Send home info/Send email	15.4%	
Other things help better understand info (open-end – top 3)	Videos, pictures, use examples	22.9%	35
	Use layman/non-medical terms	14.3%	
	Give written info/print outs	11.4%	

UTILITY ASSISTANCE

- More than half of respondents, 55.1%, reported a disconnection notice for electricity, gas or water service while nearly a third, 31.3%, indicated their electricity was turned off due to non-payment in the past year. One fifth, 20.2%, reported their water was turned off for nonpayment in the past year while slightly fewer, 18.1%, reported their gas had been turned off.
- Next, respondents were given a list of problems and asked if they or anyone in their home experienced any because of their utility bills. More than two-thirds of respondents, 67.8%, reported at least one of the problems in the past year. The problems respondents were most likely to experience included: skipped paying a bill or paid less than the whole bill (41.6%), used kitchen stove or oven to provide heat (20.4%), and went without medical or dental care (20.4%).



- Finally, respondents were asked what they felt would help them make it easier to pay their electric bills. The most common responses included being on HEAP or another utility assistance program, for the utilities to be more affordable, and cash assistance.

Summary Table: Food Insecurity			
		%	N
Have. . .	Ever gotten a disconnection notice for electricity, gas or water service	55.1%	118
	In the last year, electricity ever get turned off because couldn't pay the bill	31.3%	115
	In the last year, gas ever get turned off because couldn't pay the bill	18.1%	116
	In the last year, did water ever get turned off because couldn't pay the bill	20.2%	114
Problems had in past year because of utility bills	Skipped paying a bill or pay less than whole bill	41.6%	137
	Used kitchen stove or oven to provide heat	20.4%	
	Went without medical or dental care	20.4%	
	Went without food for at least one day	15.3%	
	Moved in with friends or family	14.6%	
	Moved into a shelter or been homeless	13.1%	
	Kept home at a temperature that felt unsafe	10.2%	
	Closed off part of home	9.5%	
	Got a payday loan to cover expenses	8.0%	
	Heating system broke and were unable to pay	8.0%	
	Didn't fill a prescription/took less than prescribed	7.3%	
	Air conditioner was broken and were unable to pay	6.6%	
	Had a foreclosure on mortgage	2.2%	
	None of the above	32.1%	
What need regarding utilities (open-end – top 3)	Being on HEAP/Other program	25.9%	54
	Affordable costs	22.2%	
	Cash assistance	16.7%	

HOUSING ASSISTANCE

- More than a third of respondents, 36.0%, reported that more than half of their monthly income goes to their rent or mortgage while 32.4% reported that between a third and a half of their monthly income goes towards housing.
- Nearly two-thirds, 62.4%, currently rent while 14.4% live with family or friends. About one in ten, 10.4%, stay in a shelter or are homeless while slightly fewer, 8.0%, own their home.
- Respondents were given a list of seventeen housing related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household experienced each issue in the past year. Two-thirds, 66.4%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. Housing related issues most reported included paying rent on time (32.1%), lack of credit history or poor credit (17.5%), taking care of things around the house (15.3%), bug infestation (15.3%), and being wait listed for public housing (15.3%).
- The two housing documents that respondents indicated most likely to need help obtaining were birth certificate or proof of citizenship (13.9%) and social security card (10.2%).
- Finally, respondents were asked what they felt would help them make it easier for them to meet their housing needs. The most common responses included more affordable rent or housing, employment, and assistance with bills.



Summary Table: Housing Assistance			
		%	N
Amount of income that goes to rent/mortgage	Less than a third	31.5%	111
	Between a third and half	32.4%	
	More than half	36.0%	
Housing description	Rent home	62.4%	125
	Live with family or friends	14.4%	
	Staying in shelter or homeless	10.4%	
	Own home	8.0%	
	Other	4.8%	
Issues had in past year that made housing difficult	Paying rent on time	32.1%	137
	Lack of credit history or poor credit	17.5%	
	Taking care of things around the house	15.3%	
	Bug infestation	15.3%	
	Wait list for public housing	15.3%	
	Rodents such as mice or rats	14.6%	
	Poor relationship with landlord or neighbors	13.9%	
	Lack of rental history or previous eviction	10.2%	
	One or more misdemeanor or felony convictions	9.5%	
	Being evicted	7.3%	
	Mold	7.3%	
	Heat or oven/stove not working	7.3%	
	Lead paint or lead pipes	6.6%	
	Water leaks	6.6%	
	No or not working smoke detectors	5.1%	
	Owe a previous landlord money	4.4%	
	Unsafe Water Supply or no running water	2.2%	
	None of the above	33.6%	
Need help obtaining housing documents	Birth certificate or proof of citizenship	13.9%	137
	Social security card	10.2%	
	Government issued photo ID	8.8%	
	Other income or asset documentation	4.4%	
	Proof of income letter from Social Security	1.5%	
	Current bank statement(s)	1.5%	
	None of the above	60.6%	
What need regarding housing (open-end – top 3)	More affordable rent/housing	30.2%	43
	Employment	14.0%	
	Assistance with bills	11.6%	

Survey Results

OVERALL FAMILY NEEDS

First, respondents were asked what were the most important issues facing their family or household today. This was an open ended question in which the respondent could give up to three responses. The most common issues mentioned included financial issues such as lack of money or bills in general (44.9%), food insecurity (44.1%), housing (40.9%), transportation (29.9%), and health care (27.6%). Other responses are outlined in the table below.

Top 3 Issues Facing Household				
	# First Mention	% First Mention	# Total Mentions	% of respondents
Finances, money, bills in general	30	23.6%	57	44.9%
Food insecurity	22	17.3%	56	44.1%
Housing	29	22.8%	52	40.9%
Transportation	10	7.9%	38	29.9%
Health care	11	8.7%	35	27.6%
Utilities	4	3.1%	18	14.2%
Employment issues	3	2.4%	12	9.4%
Childcare, care for young children (diapers, clothing)	4	3.1%	11	8.7%
Mental health, stress	4	3.1%	8	6.3%
Basic needs	2	1.6%	8	6.3%
Household items	0	0.0%	8	6.3%
Social isolation, lack of support	2	1.6%	7	5.5%
Violence, abuse, safety	0	0.0%	6	4.7%
Language barrier, immigration issues	1	0.8%	4	3.1%
Dental	1	0.8%	2	1.6%
Criminal charges	1	0.8%	1	0.8%
Education issues	0	0.0%	1	0.8%
Miscellaneous	3	2.4%	9	7.1%
Total	127	(n=127)	333	(n=127)

What would you say are the 3 MOST important ISSUES facing your household or family today?

Next, respondents were given a list of five different issue areas and asked if any of them had ever prevented them or anyone in their household from being able to go to the doctors or other health-related appointments. Each is discussed in more detail below.

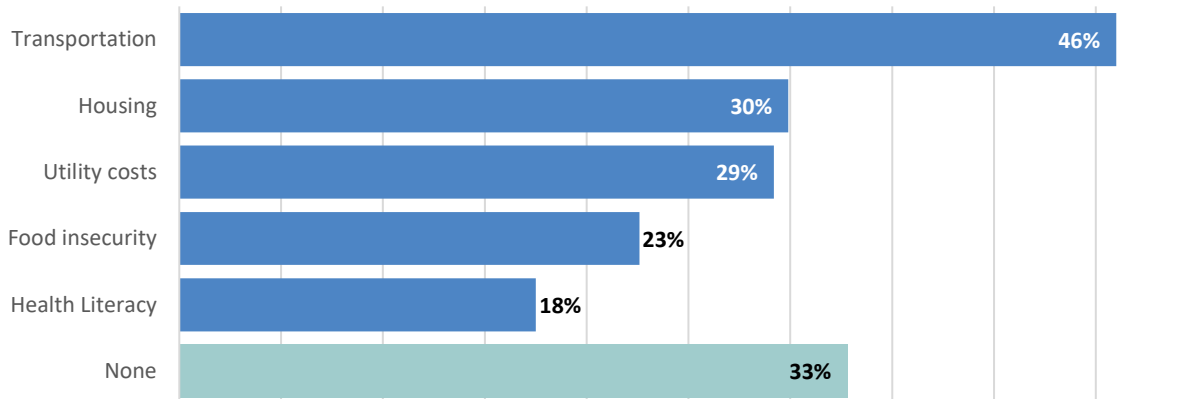
- Nearly half, 46.0%, reported experiencing **transportation** issues in the past such as not having a way to get to the things they need. Non-white respondents and those with an annual income under \$25,000 were more likely to experience transportation issues.
- Nearly a third, 29.9%, reported experiencing **housing** issues such as having trouble finding a place to live or paying for house or rent. Groups of respondents more likely to experience housing issues included unemployed respondents, those with children in the household, non-white respondents, households composed of one adult and at least one child, those diagnosed with mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents staying in a shelter or are homeless.



- Slightly fewer respondents, 29.2%, experienced **utility cost** issues such as not having enough money or support for electric, gas, water, or other services. Hispanic or Latino respondents and those with children in the home were more likely to have this issue.
- Nearly a quarter, 22.6%, of respondents experienced **food insecurity** issues such as not having enough food for them or their family. Respondents renting their current residence were more likely to have this issue.
- More than a sixth, 17.5%, of respondents indicated experiencing **health literacy** issues such as not understanding their health issues or what they're supposed to do. Hispanic or Latino respondents and those with an annual income under \$25,000 were more likely to have this issue.
- Less than a third, 32.8%, of respondents reported NOT experiencing any of the issues previous mentioned. Respondents more likely to NOT have experienced any of the five issues include respondents ages 65 and over, those with an annual income over \$50,000, retirees, respondents with some college or more education, white and non-Hispanic or Latinos respondents, and homeowners.

Issues that Prevented Doctor/Health Related Appointment

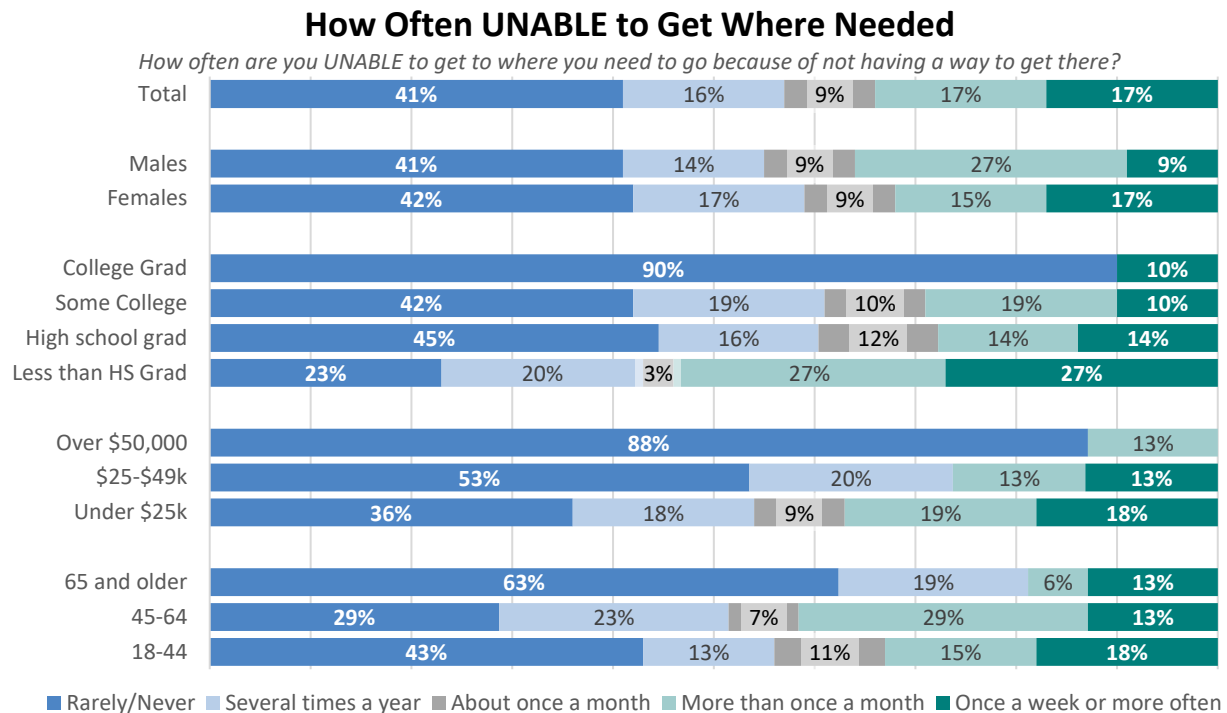
Have any of the following EVER prevented you or anyone in your household from being able to go to the doctors or other health-related appointments?





TRANSPORTATION NEEDS

Less than half of respondents, 40.9%, reported rarely or never unable to get where they needed to go because they did not have a way to get there while 15.7% reported they have this issue several times a year. Over a third, 34.6%, reported they were unable to get where they needed to go because of transportation more than once a month or more than once a week.



Next, respondents were given a list of fifteen transportation related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household experienced each issue in the past year. A majority, 76.9%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. Each is discussed in more detail below.

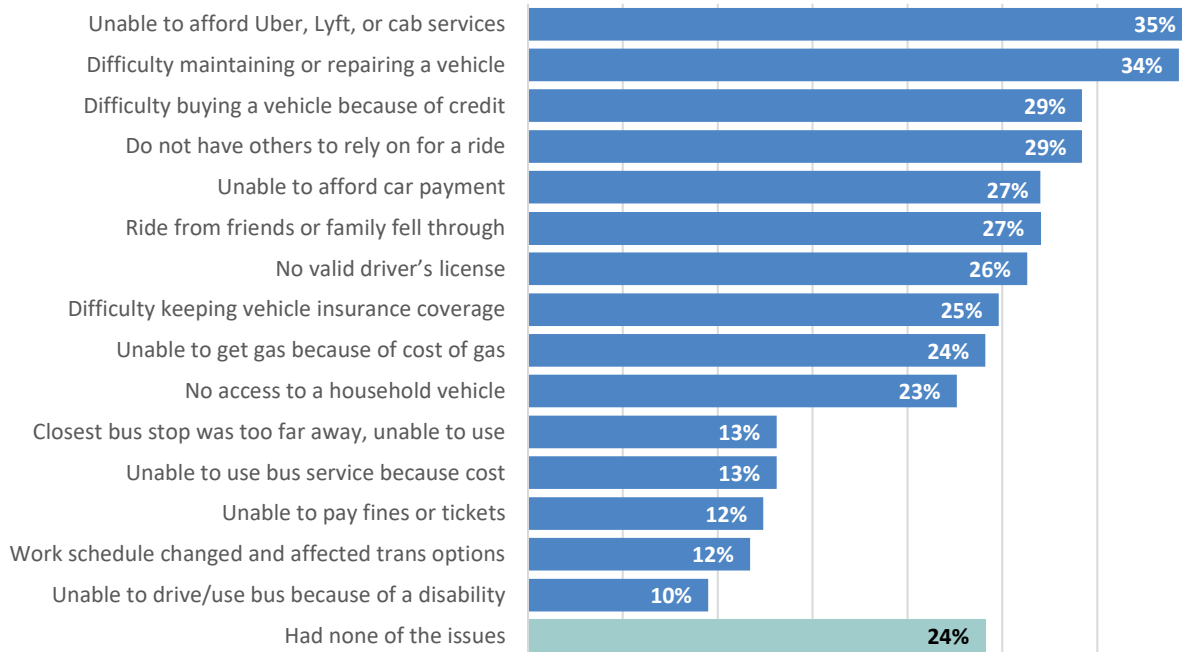
- The most prevalent transportation issue was being **unable to afford Uber, Lyft, or cab services** with more than a third, 35.0%, of respondents experiencing this issue in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents ages 55-64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents who are employed part-time, those with no high school diploma, respondents who have been diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer respondents, 34.3%, reported having **difficulty maintaining or repairing a vehicle** in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include females, non-Hispanic or Latino respondents, those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- More than a quarter of respondents, 29.2%, reported having **difficulty buying a vehicle because of credit** in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents ages 25 to 34, those with a high school diploma or less education, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- The same percentage of respondents, 29.2%, reported **not having others to rely on for a ride** in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents ages 55-64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents without a high school diploma, those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.



- Slightly fewer, 27.0%, of respondents reported being **unable to afford a car payment**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include households composed of one adult and at least one child, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- The same percentage of respondents, 27.0%, reported **having a ride from friends or family that fell through**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents who are unemployed, those with no high school diploma, respondents diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer, 26.3%, of respondents reported **not having a valid driver's license**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents ages 25-34, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents who are employed part-time, those with children that don't live with them, respondents without a high school diploma, non-white or Hispanic/Latino respondents, respondents diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Less than a quarter, 24.8%, reported having **difficulty keeping vehicle insurance coverage**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include employed respondents, non-Hispanic or Latino respondents, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer, 24.1%, of respondents reported being **unable to get gas because of cost of gas**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include employed respondents, households composed of one adult and at least one child, those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- More than a fifth of respondents, 22.6%, reported having **no access to a household vehicle**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents ages 55 to 64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, unemployed respondents, those with no high school diploma, non-white respondents, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Significantly fewer, 13.1%, reported being **unable to use bus service because the closest bus stop was too far away**. There were no statistically significant differences in this area.
- The same percentage of respondents, 13.1%, reported being **unable to use bus service because of cost**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those without children in the home, and respondents diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Slightly fewer, 12.4%, of respondents reported being **unable to pay fines or tickets**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents with children that don't live with them, those who have been diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Even fewer, 11.7%, of respondents reported **having a work schedule that changed and affected transportation options**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include respondents with children in the home and households composed of two or more adults and children.
- Less than a tenth of respondents, 9.5%, reported being **unable to drive or use bus service easily because of a disability**. Groups of respondents more likely to have this experience include females, respondents without children in the home, and respondents who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.

Transportation Related Issues Experienced in Past Year

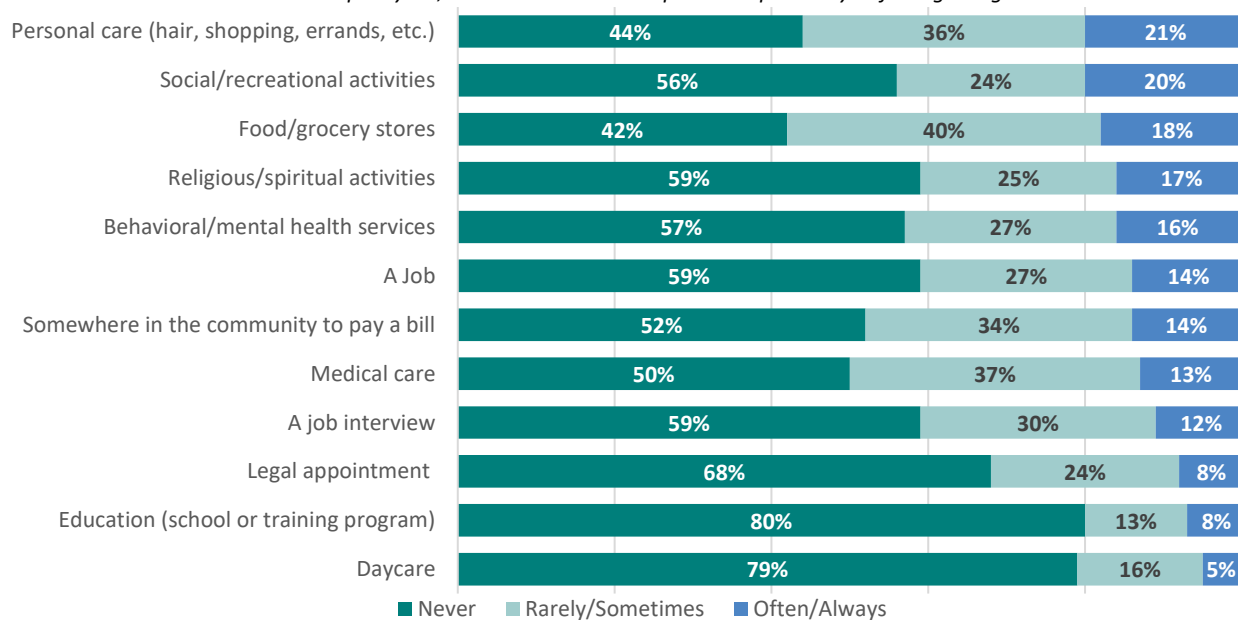
In the past year, did you or anyone in your household experience any of the following?



Respondents were also given a list of twelve different activities and asked how often transportation prevented them from getting to the activity in the past year. Nearly a sixth or more of respondents were always or often not able to go to the following due to transportation issues: personal care such as hair, shopping, or errands (20.5%), social or recreational issues (20.4%), food or grocery store (18.2%), religious or spiritual activities (16.6%), and behavioral/mental health services (15.6%). Respondents were least likely to be prevented from getting to daycare or education such as school or training program.

How Often Transportation Prevented From Getting to. . . in Past Year

Within the past year, HOW OFTEN did transportation prevent you from getting to:



Finally, respondents were asked what they need (regarding transportation) to make sure that they and their families can get to the places they need to be at like a job or doctor's appointment. The most common responses were a car or vehicle (32.0%), gas money or a gas card (20.0%), a bus pass (12.0%), access to a dependable driver or reliable transportation (12.0%), and financial assistance. Other responses are listed on the table below.

Transportation Help Needed		
	N	%
Car/vehicle	24	32.0%
Gas money/gas card	15	20.0%
Bus pass	9	12.0%
Access to dependable drivers/reliable transport	9	12.0%
Financial assistance	7	9.3%
Driver's license	5	6.7%
Employment	5	6.7%
Car repairs	4	5.3%
Lyft card	4	5.3%
Car insurance	1	1.3%
Driving privileges	1	1.3%
Better credit/credit forgiveness	1	1.3%
Rides for disabled	1	1.3%
Miscellaneous	2	2.7%
Total		(n=75)

What do you need (regarding transportation) to make sure you and your family can get to the places you need to be like a job or doctor's appointment? (Please be specific.)

FOOD INSECURITY

Respondents were given a list of ten food insecurity related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household experienced each issue in the past year. More than two-thirds, 70.1%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. Each is discussed in more detail below.

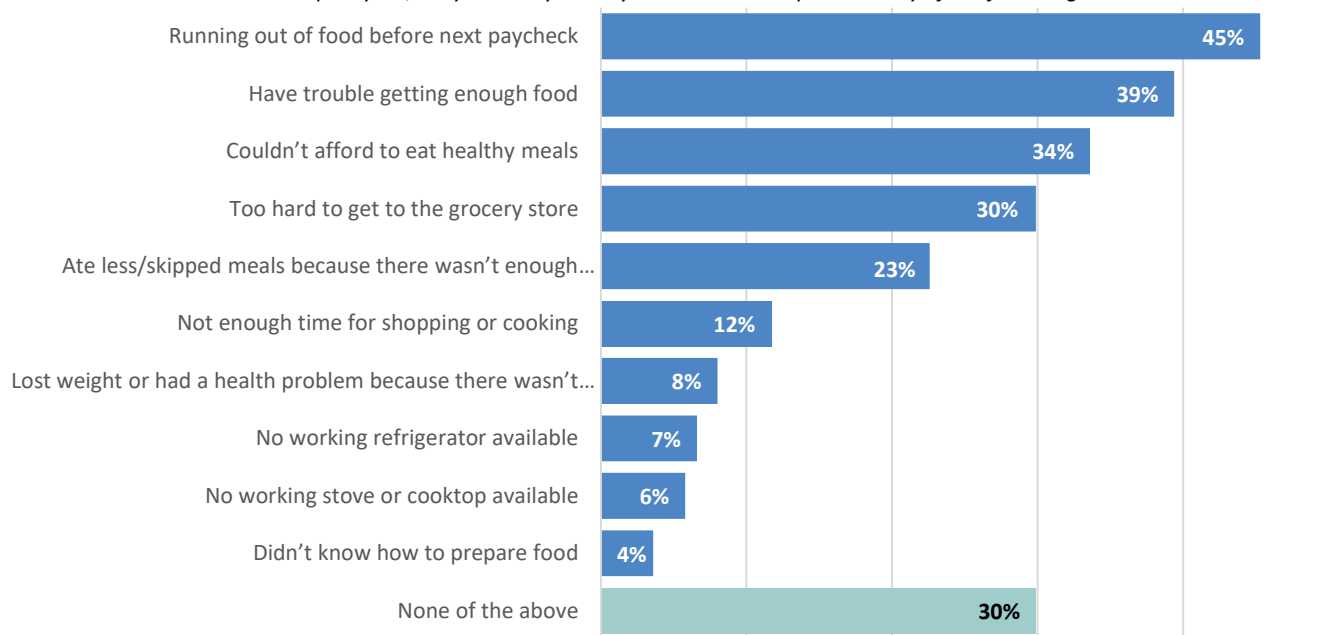
- The most prevalent food insecurity related issue was **running out of food before their next paycheck** with nearly half, 45.3%, of respondents experiencing this issue in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience in the past year include respondents ages 45-64, those who are employed, non-white respondents, renters or those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- More than a third of respondents, 39.4%, reported **having trouble getting enough food**. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience in the past year include respondents ages 45-64, those with an annual income under \$50,000, employed respondents, those with a high school diploma or less education, respondents diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- A third, 33.6%, of respondents reported that they **couldn't afford to eat healthy meals**. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience in the past year include respondents ages 45-64, non-white respondents, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Less than a third, 29.9%, reported that it was **too hard to get to the grocery store**. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience in the past year include respondents with no high school diploma, those who are Hispanic or Latino, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.



- Less than a quarter, 22.6%, of respondents reported that they ***ate less or skipped meals because there wasn't enough money for food***. Employed respondents and those ages 45-64 were more likely to have had this experience in the last year.
- More than a tenth, 11.7%, of respondents reported that they ***did not enough time for shopping or cooking***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience in the past year include females, respondents who are employed part-time, non-white white respondents, and those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Food insecurity related problems that less than a tenth of respondents experienced in the past year included the following: lost weight or had a health problem because there wasn't enough money for food (8.0%), no working refrigerator available (6.6%), no working stove or cooktop available (5.8%), and they didn't know how to prepare the food given to their household (3.6%).

Food Related Issues Experienced in Past Year

In the past year, did-you or anyone in your household experience any of the following?

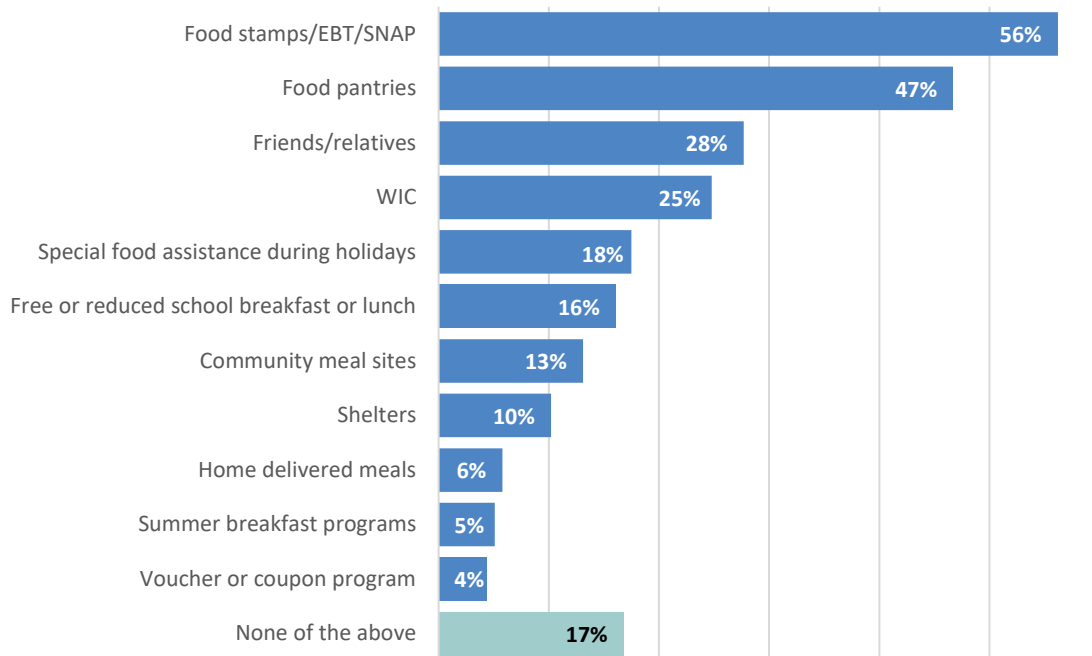


Next, respondents were given a list of eleven food related supports and asked if they or anyone from their household has received help from any of the sources. Around half of respondents reported that they received food stamps/EBT/SNAP (56.2%) or got help with food from food pantries (46.7%) while a quarter or more received help with food from friends or relatives (27.7%) or WIC (24.8%). Other sources of help received by more than a tenth of respondents included the following: special food assistance during holidays such as baskets or meals (17.5%), free or reduced school breakfast or lunch (16.1%), community meal sites (13.1%), and shelters (10.2%).



Food Related Help Received in Past Year

In the past year, did you or anyone in your household get help with food from any of the following?



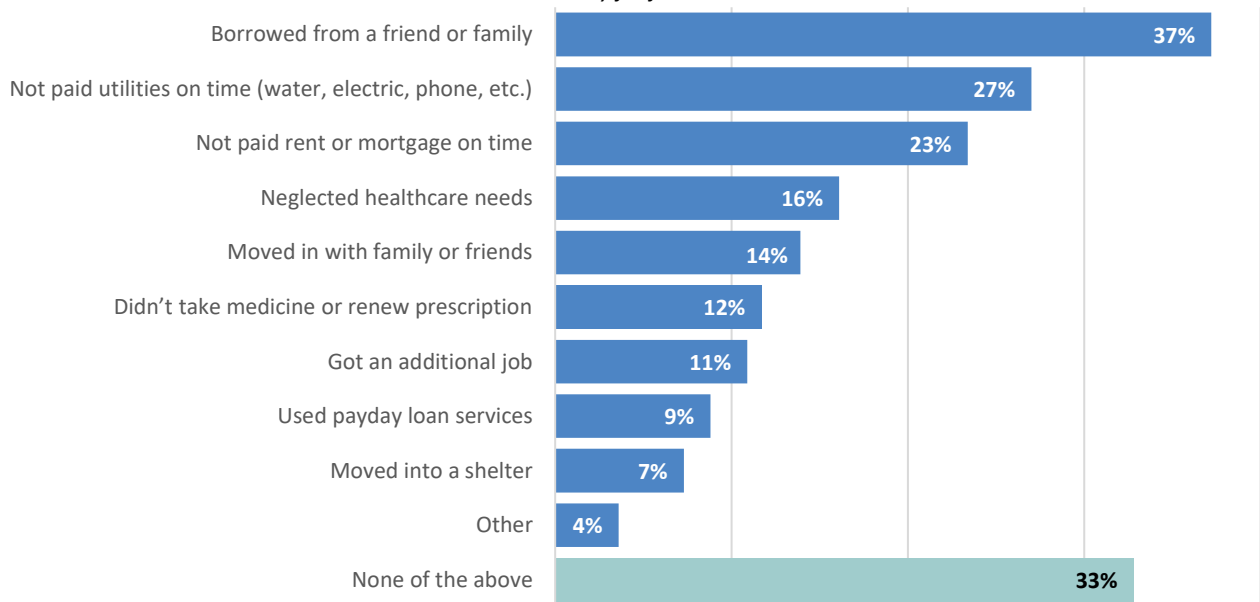
Respondents were also given a list of nine items and asked if they or anyone in their household did any of the things to make sure they had enough money for food. Two-thirds, 67.2%, of respondents reported doing at least one of these things to make sure they had enough money for food. Each is discussed in more detail below.

- Respondents were most likely to **borrow from a friend or family**. More than a third, 37.2%, of respondents reported doing this to make sure they had enough money for food. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include respondents ages 18 to 64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents with children in the home, non-white respondents, households composed of one adult and at least one child, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- More than a quarter, 27.0%, of respondents indicated that they had **not paid utilities on time such as water, electric, phone, etc.** to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include respondents ages 45-64, those with an annual income under \$50,000, and respondents diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Less than a quarter, 23.4%, of respondents indicated that they had **not paid rent or mortgage on time** to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those who are employed, respondents with children in the home, those without a high school diploma, non-white respondents, households composed of one adult and at least one child, and those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- A sixth, 16.1%, reported that they had **neglected their healthcare needs** to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include respondents with no high school diploma, Hispanic or Latino respondents, and those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Slightly fewer, 13.9%, **moved in with family or friends** in order to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include non-white respondents and those currently living with family or friends.

- More than a tenth, 11.7%, **didn't take medicine or renew a prescription** in order to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Respondents ages 45 to 64 were more likely to do this.
- Slightly fewer, 10.9%, **got an additional job** in order to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to do this include respondents ages 18 to 44, those who are employed, respondents with children in the home, those with no high school diploma, and non-white residents.
- Less than a tenth of respondents reported **using payday loan services** (8.8%) or **moving into a shelter** (7.3%) in order to make sure that they had enough money for food in the past year.

Things Done to Make Sure Had Enough Money for Food in Past Year

In the past year, did you or anyone in your household do any of these things to make sure you had enough money for food?



Next, respondents were given a list of eleven items and asked which ones, if any, would help them get enough food for them and their family. More than three-quarters, 76.6%, responded that at least one of these items would help them and their family. Each one is discussed in more detail below.

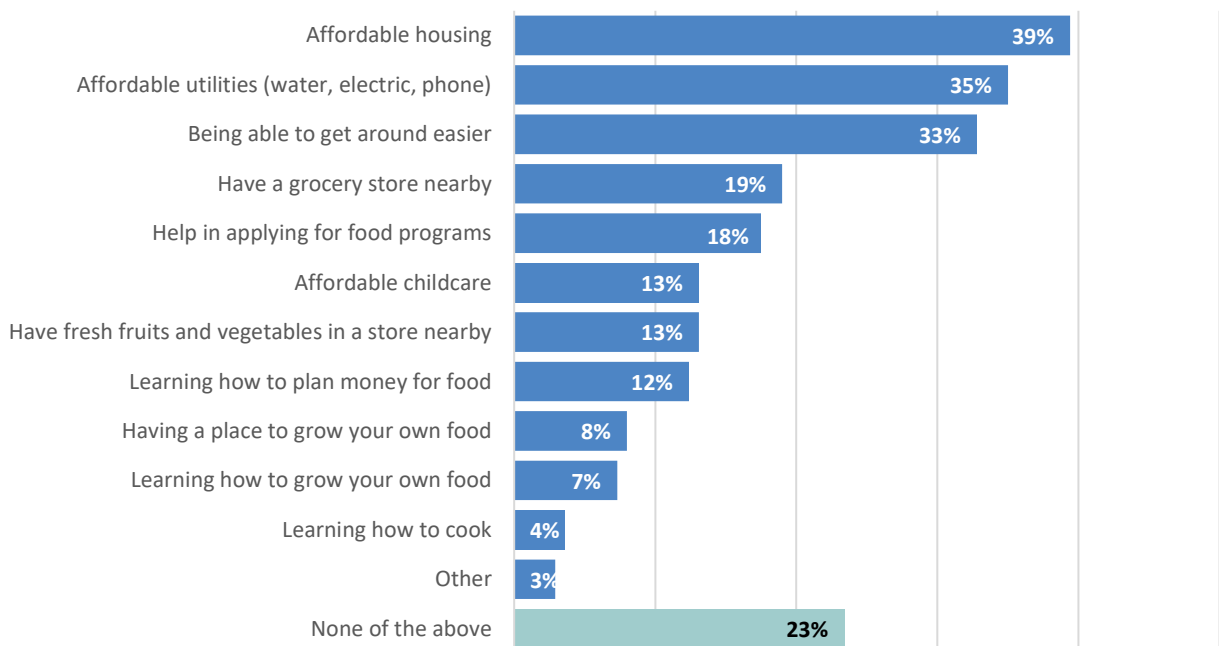
- More than a third, 39.4%, said that **affordable housing** would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those with children that don't live with them, respondents with no high school diploma, non-white respondents, and those currently living in a shelter, are homeless, or are currently renting.
- Slightly fewer, 35.0%, reported that **affordable utilities (water, electric, phone)** would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include those with an annual income under \$50,000, respondents with children that don't live with them, and respondents who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- A third, 32.8%, reported that **being able to get around easier** would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those with no high school diploma, non-white respondents, households composed of one adult and at least one child, those who have been diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Nearly a fifth, 19.0%, reported that **having a grocery store nearby** would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include respondents with no

high school diploma, non-white respondents, and those who have been diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.

- Slightly fewer, 17.5%, reported that *help in applying for food stamps, WIC, and other food programs* would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include respondents ages 18-44, those who are employed, respondents with no high school diploma, Hispanic or Latino respondents, and those living with family/friends.
- More than a tenth, 13.1%, said that *affordable childcare* would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include ages respondents ages 18-44, those who are employed, respondents with children in the home, and those with children that don't live with them, Hispanic or Latino residents, households composed of two or more adults with children, and those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- The same percentage, 13.1%, said that *having fresh fruits and vegetables in a store nearby* would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include respondents ages 55-64, those who are employed full-time, and respondents who have been diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Slightly fewer, 12.4%, reported that *learning how to plan money for food* would help them get enough food for them and their family. Groups of respondents more likely to report that this would help include non-white respondents and those with children in the home.
- Less than a tenth of respondents indicated that each of the following would help them and their family get enough food: *having a place to grow their own food* (8.0%), *learning how to grow their own food* (7.3%), and *learning how to cook* (3.6%).

What Would Help Get Enough Food

Which of the following would help you in getting enough food for you and your family?





Finally, respondents were asked what they felt was needed in the community to help them get enough food and fresh fruit and vegetables for them and their family. The most common responses were affordable groceries (21.7%), a closer grocery store 20.0%, closer or more food pantries (18.3%), free food drives or more food stamps or vouchers (13.3%), and transportation (11.7%). Other responses are listed in the table below.

Food Assistance Needed		
	N	%
Affordable groceries	13	21.7%
Closer grocery store	12	20.0%
Closer/more food pantries	11	18.3%
Free food drives, more food stamps/vouchers	8	13.3%
Transportation	7	11.7%
Community garden/farmer's market	5	8.3%
Employment	4	6.7%
Affordable housing	3	5.0%
More assistance in general	3	5.0%
More food options	2	3.3%
Grocery delivery	1	1.7%
Info on how to cook	1	1.7%
Help applying for assistance	1	1.7%
Knowing what is available	1	1.7%
Total	72	(n=60)

What do you think is needed in this community to help you get enough food and fresh fruits and vegetables for you and your family? (Please be specific.)

HEALTH INFORMATION

Respondents were given a list of twelve health literacy related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household has experienced each issue in the past year. More than half, 55.5%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. Each is discussed in more detail below.

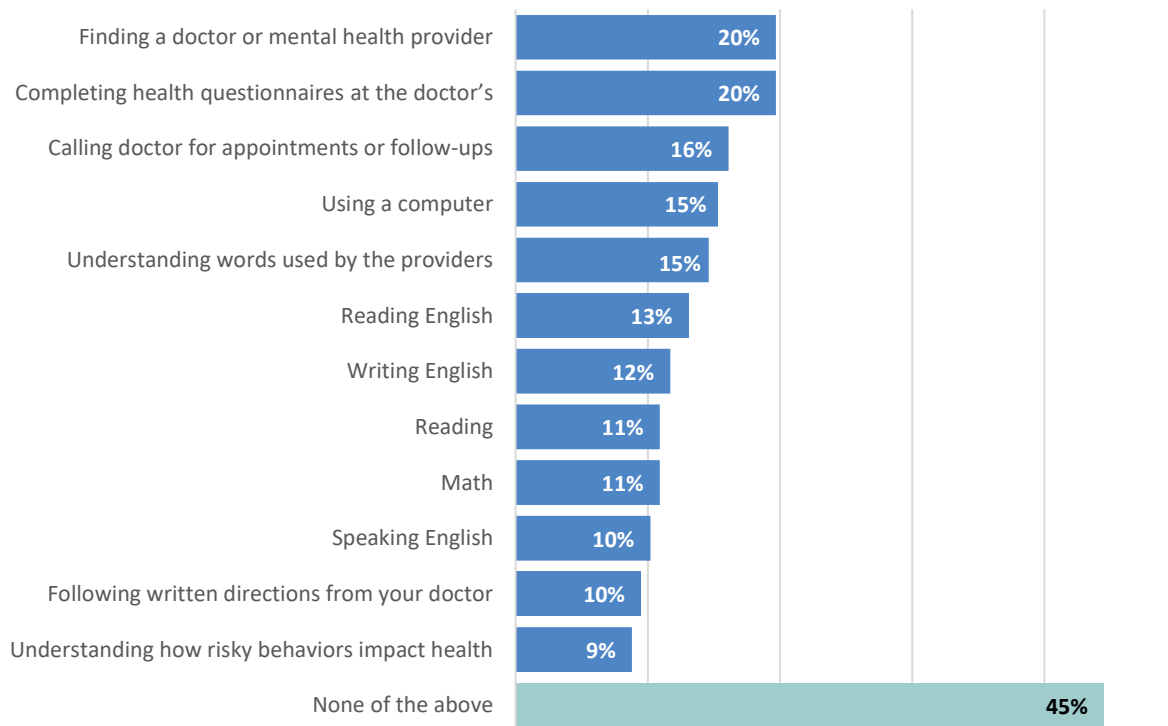
- The health literacy related issue that was most prevalent was **finding a doctor or mental health provider**. This issue was reported by 19.7% of respondents. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents with annual income under \$25,000 and those who have been diagnosed with and treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- The same percentage, 19.7%, had trouble **completing health questionnaires at the doctor's or providers**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include Hispanic or Latino respondents and those without a high school diploma.
- A sixth, 16.1%, reported having trouble **calling doctor or provider for appointments or follow-ups**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents employed full-time, those with children in the home, respondents without a high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- Less than a sixth, 15.3%, reported having trouble **using a computer**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents employed full-time, those with no high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- Slightly fewer, 14.6%, reported having trouble **understanding words used by providers**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include retired respondents, those with no high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.



- More than a tenth, 13.1%, reported having trouble **reading English**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents employed full-time, those with children in the home, those with no high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- Slightly fewer, 11.7%, reported having trouble **writing English**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents employed full-time, those with children in the home, those with no high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- More than a tenth, 10.9%, reported having trouble **reading**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents ages 25-34, those with no high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- The same percentage, 10.9%, had trouble with **math**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents ages 25-34 and those who are homeless or are living in a shelter.
- Slightly fewer, 10.2%, reported having trouble **speaking English**. Groups more likely to have trouble doing this include respondents who are employed full-time, those with children in the home or who have children that do not live with them, respondents without a high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.
- Less than a tenth of respondents reported having issues **following written directions from their doctor** (9.5%) or **understanding how risky behaviors can impact their health** (8.8%).

Troubles Experienced in Past Year

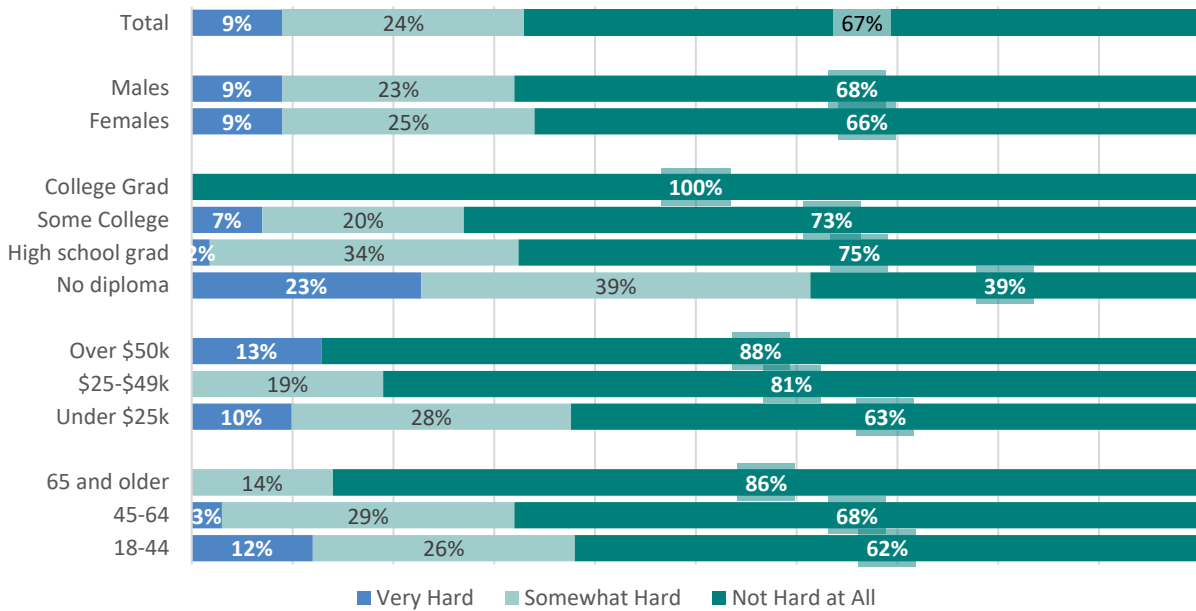
In the past year, did you or anyone in your household experience any of the following?



A third of respondents, 33.3%, said that it was very or somewhat hard for them to understand what their doctor or provider tells them during visits or when they got back home, with 8.9% saying it was very hard. Two thirds, 66.7%, of respondents reported that it was not at all hard for them to understand what their doctor tells them. Groups of respondents more likely to have a hard time understanding what their doctors tell them include respondents without a high school diploma and Hispanic or Latino respondents.

How Hard to Understand What Doctor Says

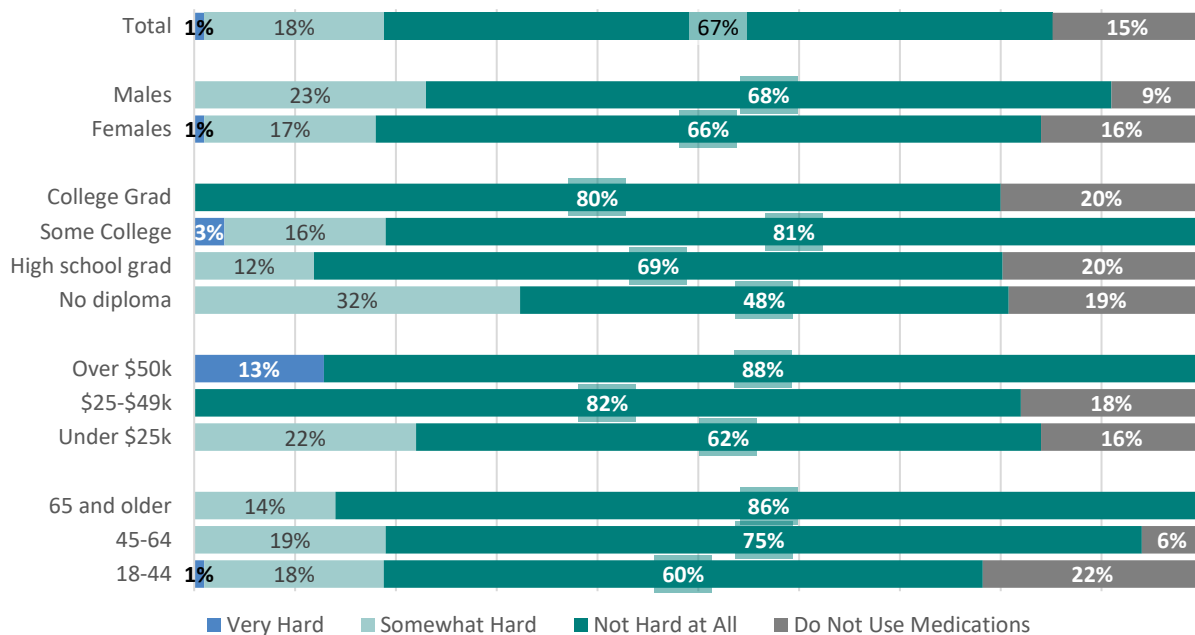
How easy or hard is it for you to understand what your doctor or provider tells you during visits or when you get back home?



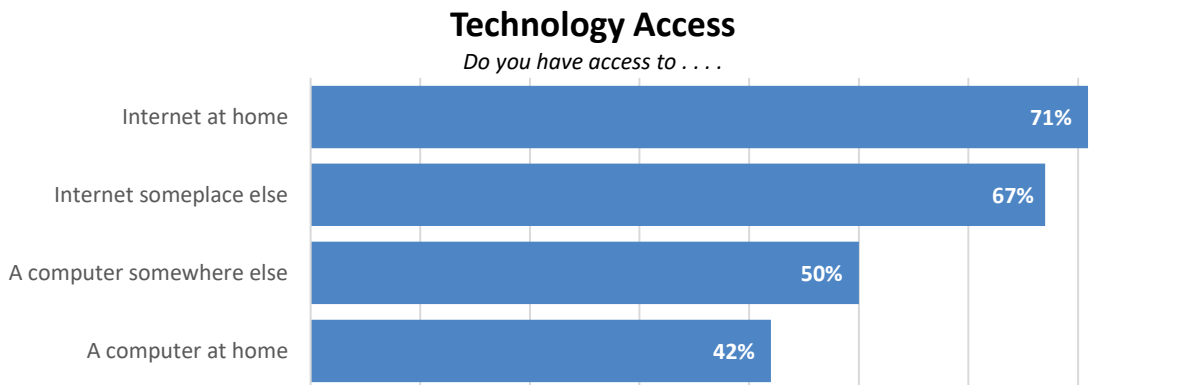
Significantly fewer, 18.5%, reported that it was somewhat (17.7%) or very (0.8%) hard for them to understand what their pills or medicines are for and how they take them. A notable portion, 14.5%, reported that they do not take medications. Groups of respondents more likely to have a hard time understanding their medication include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those without a high school diploma, and Hispanic or Latino respondents.

How Hard to Understand What Medicines are For

How easy or hard is it for you to understand what your pills or medicines are for and how to take them?



The next question focused on access to technology. Less than three-quarters, 70.9%, of residents reported having **internet at home**. Groups of respondents more likely to NOT have internet at home include respondents ages 45-64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents without a high school diploma, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents who are currently living in a shelter or are homeless. Slightly fewer, 67.0%, reported not having **internet someplace else**. Respondents who are homeless or living in a shelter were more likely to NOT have access to internet someplace else. Less than half of residents, 42.0%, reported having a **computer at home**. Groups of respondents more likely to NOT have a computer at home include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, those without a high school diploma, non-white respondents, Hispanic or Latino respondents, and those currently living in a shelter or are homeless. Half, 50.0% reported having access to a **computer someplace else when they need it**. Groups of respondents more likely to NOT have access to a computer someplace else include respondents with an annual income under \$50,000, those without a high school diploma, non-white respondents, Hispanic or Latino respondents, and those currently living in a shelter, are homeless, or renting.



When asked what doctors or nurses could do to help them understand their health information better, the two most common responses were to talk in easier to understand or simpler terms (30.8%) and to provide a translator (19.2%). Sending home information or sending an email (15.4%) and listening and asking questions (9.6%) were also commonly mentioned. Other responses are listed on the table below.

What doctors can do to help understand info better		
	N	%
Easier/Simple explanation/Speak slowly (<i>in terms they can understand</i>)	16	30.8%
Translator	10	19.2%
Send home info/Send email	8	15.4%
Listen, ask questions	5	9.6%
Longer appointments, more time for questions	3	5.8%
Make sure patient understands before leaving	3	5.8%
Ability to talk to doctor/nurse	2	3.8%
Understand their culture	1	1.9%
Answer questions	1	1.9%
Be nicer	1	1.9%
Help paying bills	1	1.9%
Better access to medical info	1	1.9%
Make telehealth more user friendly	1	1.9%
Don't stigmatize patient	1	1.9%
Total	54	(n=52)

What could doctors or nurses do to help you understand your health information better?



Respondents were also asked what other things would help them better understand their health information. Using videos, pictures, or examples was the top recommendation for other things that would help them understand their health insurance better. Other responses are listed on the table below.

What else could help understand info better		
	N	%
Videos, pictures, use examples	8	22.9%
Use layman/non-medical terms (with patients, on website)	5	14.3%
Give written info/print outs	4	11.4%
Better explanation from doctors	3	8.6%
Offer a class/more education	3	8.6%
Have info in preferred language	3	8.6%
More accessible healthcare	3	8.6%
Make follow-up calls	2	5.7%
Someone to go with them to appointment	2	5.7%
Return phone calls quicker	1	2.9%
Have a case manager	1	2.9%
Doctor asks more questions	1	2.9%
Miscellaneous	1	2.9%
Total	37	(n=35)

What other things would help you understand your health information better? (Please be specific.)

UTILITY ASSISTANCE

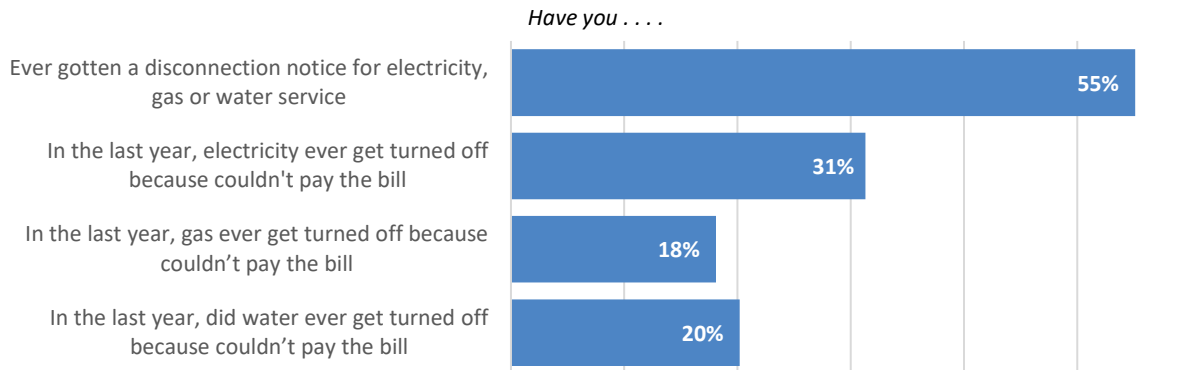
The first question in this series asked respondents about four different utility related experiences. Each is discussed in more detail below.

- More than half of respondents, 55.1%, have received a disconnection notice for electricity, gas or water service. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience include respondents ages 25-64, those who are employed, non-white respondents, those who are not Hispanic or Latino, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Nearly a third, 31.3%, indicated they have had their electricity turned off due to non-payment in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience include respondents ages 45-54, those who are unemployed, respondents with children that don't live with them, those with no high school diploma, non-white respondents, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- One fifth, 20.2%, reported that their water was turned off for nonpayment in the past year. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience include respondents ages 18-44, those who have children that don't live with them, those without a high school diploma, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer, 18.1%, reported that their gas had been turned off. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this experience include respondents who have children that don't live with them, those with a high school diploma or less education, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.





Utility Related Experiences



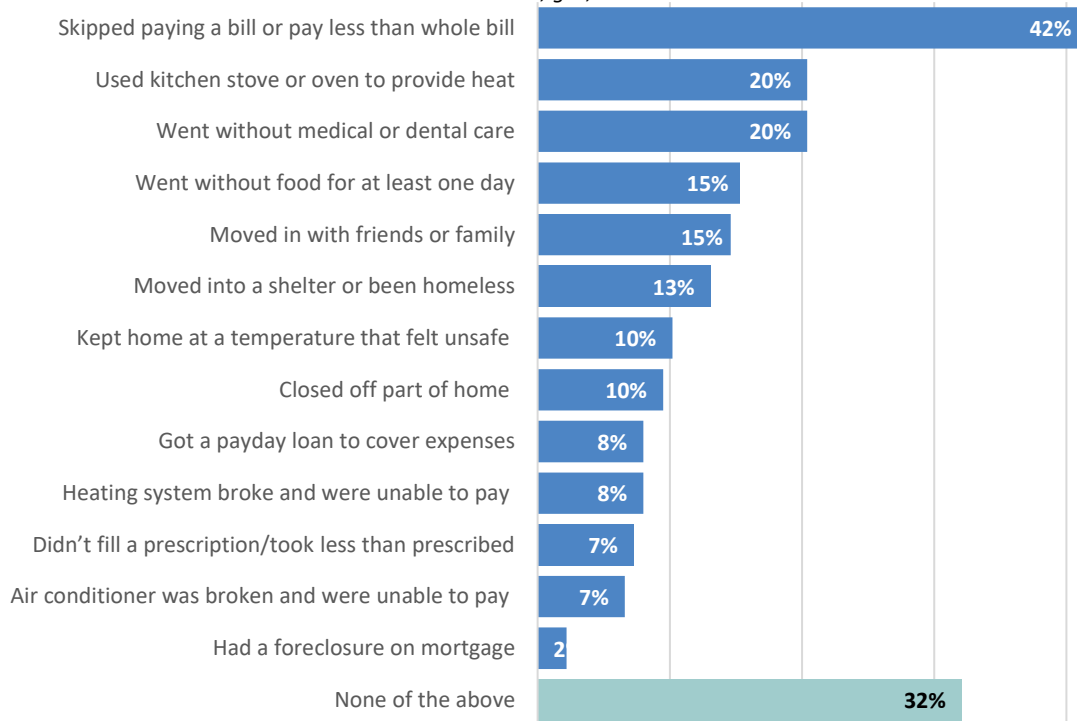
Next, respondents were given a list of problems and asked if they or anyone in their home had any of these problems because of their utility bills. More than two-thirds of respondents, 67.8%, had at least one of the problems in the past year. Each is discussed in more detail below.

- Less than half, 41.6%, reported **skipping paying a bill or pay less than whole bill** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include respondents ages 18-64, non-white respondents, those diagnosed with or treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter, are homeless, or are currently renting.
- A fifth, 20.4%, **used kitchen stove or oven to provide heat** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include respondents ages 45-64, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents who have children that don't live with them, non-white respondents, those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- The same percentage, 20.4%, **went without medical or dental care** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include Hispanic or Latino respondents, those without a high school diploma, and respondents diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Nearly a sixth, 15.3%, **went without food for at least one day** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include employed respondents and those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Slightly fewer, 14.6%, **moved in with friends or family** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include respondents without a high school diploma and those who are homeless or live in a shelter or live with family/friends.
- More than a tenth, 13.1%, **moved into a shelter or have been homeless** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include respondents who have children that don't live with them, those with a high school diploma or less education, those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer, 10.2%, **kept their home at a temperature that they felt was unsafe** because of their utility bill. Groups of respondents more likely to have this problem include respondents ages 55-64 and those currently homeless or are living in a shelter.
- Less than a tenth of respondents reported having the following problems as a result of their utility bills: **closed off part of home because couldn't afford to heat or cool it** (9.5%), **got a payday loan to cover expenses** (8.0%), **heating system broke and were unable to pay for its repair or replacement** (8.0%), **didn't fill a prescription or took less than what was prescribed** (7.3%), **air conditioner was broken and were unable to pay for its repair or replacement** (6.6%), and **had a foreclosure on mortgage** (2.2%).



Utility Bill Related Issues Experienced in Past Year

In the past year, did anyone in your home have any of the following problems because of your electric, gas, or water bills?



Finally, respondents were asked what kind of help would make it easier for them to pay their utility bills. The most common responses included being on HEAP or another utility assistance program (25.9%), more affordable utilities (22.2%) and cash assistance (16.7%). Other responses are listed on the table below.

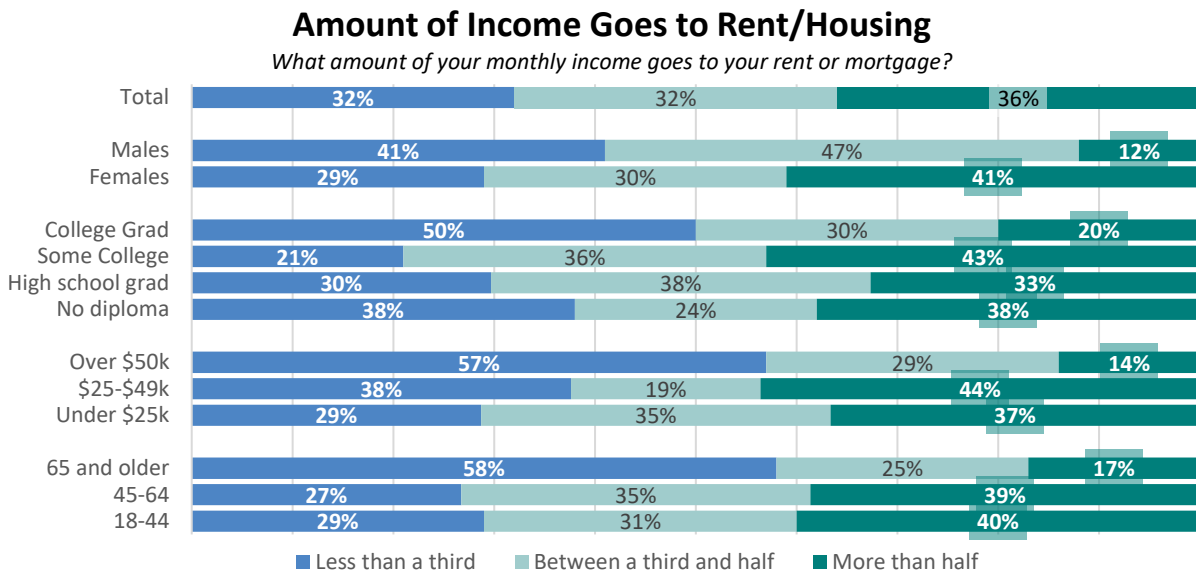
Utility Assistance Needed		
	N	%
Being on HEAP/Other program	14	25.9%
Affordable costs	12	22.2%
Cash assistance	9	16.7%
Employment	6	11.1%
Reminders, someone to help them	4	7.4%
Easier ways to pay/various options/payment plans	3	5.6%
being able to budget	2	3.7%
Assistance for those who are working	2	3.7%
Stable housing	2	3.7%
Incentives	1	1.9%
After hours help	1	1.9%
Landlords fix issues faster	1	1.9%
Miscellaneous	1	1.9%
Total	58	(n=54)

*What kind of help would make it easier for you to pay your gas, electric, or water bills?
(Please be specific.)*

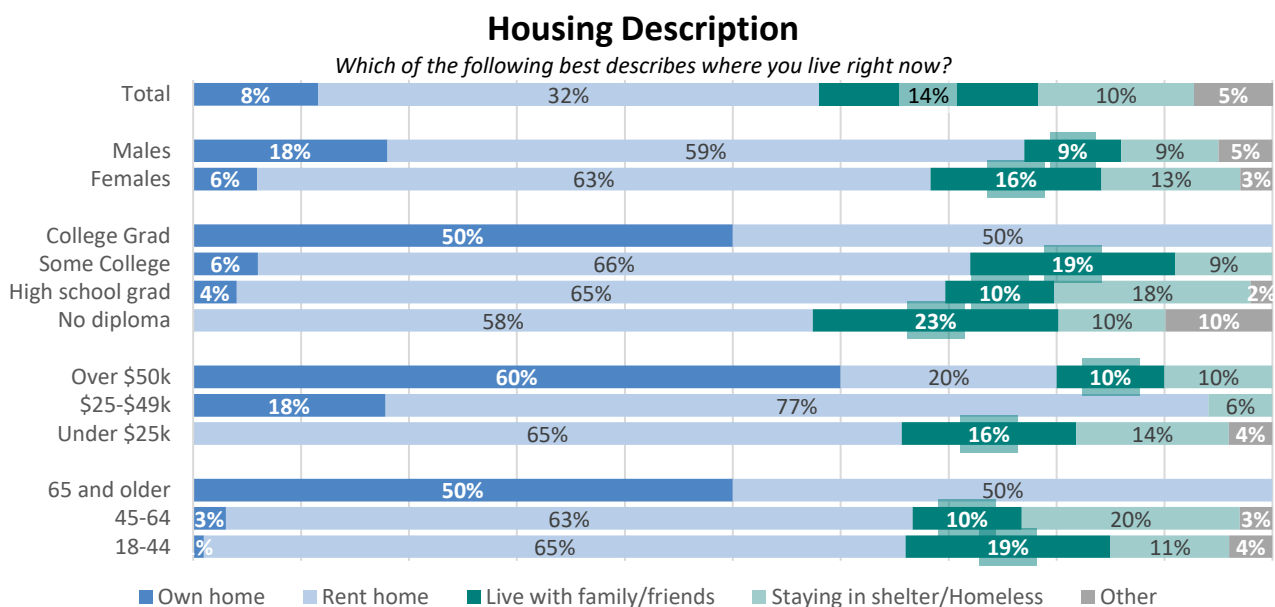


HOUSING ASSISTANCE

More than a third of respondents, 36.0%, reported that more than half of their monthly income goes to their rent or mortgage while 32.4% reported that between a third and a half of their monthly income goes towards housing. Groups more likely to spend more than half of their monthly income on rent or mortgage include females, respondents with children in the home, non-white respondents, and renters.



Nearly two-thirds, 62.5%, currently rent while 14.4% live with family or friends. About one in ten, 10.4%, stay in a shelter or are homeless while slightly fewer, 8.0%, own their home. Groups of respondents more likely to rent their current home include respondents ages 25 to 44, those with an annual income of \$25,000 to \$50,000, respondents who are employed full-time, those with children in the home, high school graduates or those with some college education, and non-white respondents. Groups of respondents more likely to be living with family or friends, in a shelter, or are currently homeless include females, respondents ages 45 to 54, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents who are employed part time or unemployed, those without a high school diploma, and non-white respondents.





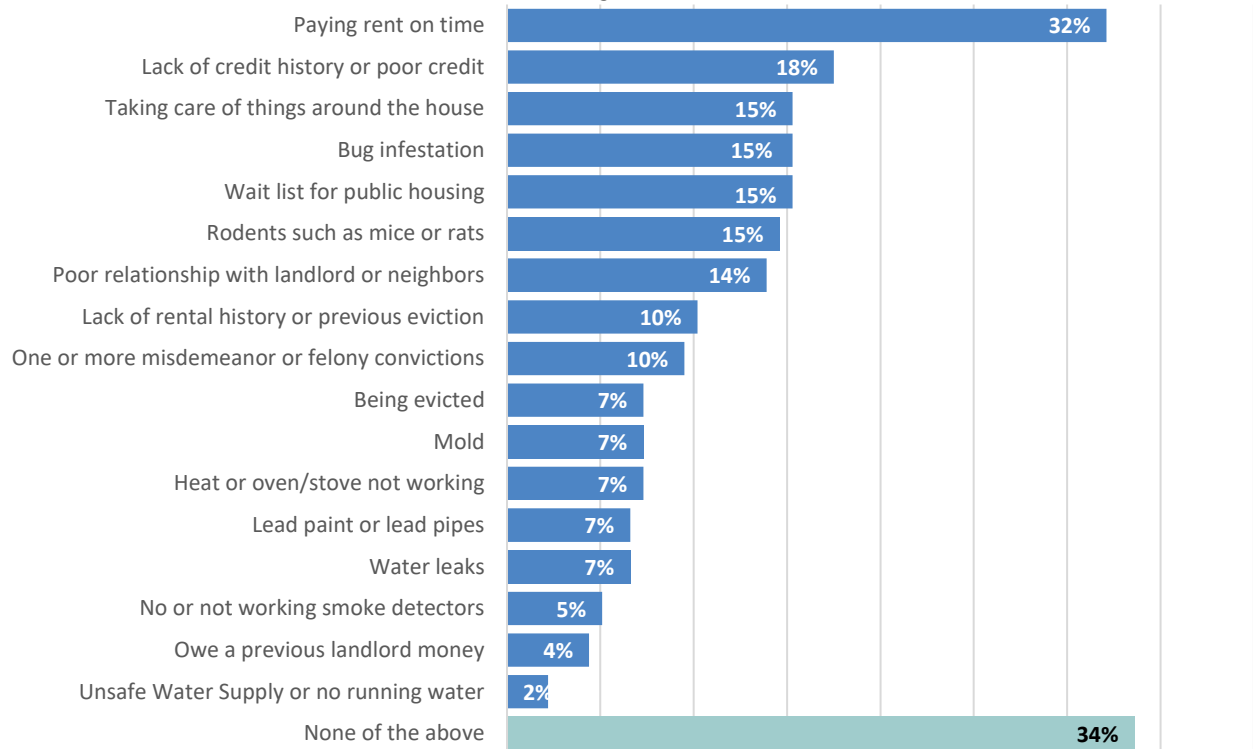
Respondents were given a list of seventeen housing related issues and asked if they or anyone in their household has experienced each issue in the past year that made it difficult for them to find or stay in housing. Two-thirds, 66.4%, reported experiencing at least one of the issues in the past year. Each is discussed in more detail below.

- Nearly a third, 32.1%, of respondents had a problem ***paying rent on time***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include females, respondents ages 25-34, those with an annual income under \$25,000, respondents with children in the home, those without a high school diploma, non-white respondents, and renters.
- More than a sixth, 17.5%, of respondents had a problem with ***lack of credit history or poor credit***. Respondents with children in the home were more likely to have had this problem in the past year.
- Less than a sixth, 15.3%, of respondents had a problem ***taking care of things around the house***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include respondents ages 45-54, those who are employed, respondents with children that don't live with them, high school graduates, those who have been treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and renters.
- The same percentage, 15.3%, had a problem with ***bug infestation*** such as insects, cockroaches, bedbugs, mosquitos, ticks. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include those who are employed and non-white respondents.
- The same percentage, 15.3%, had a problem ***being on the wait list for public housing***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include respondents with an annual income under \$25,000, non-white respondents, those diagnosed with or treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- Slightly fewer, 14.6%, respondents had a problem with ***rodents such as mice or rats***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include respondents ages 25-34, those without a high school diploma, non-white respondents, and those diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder.
- Even fewer, 13.9%, of respondents had a ***poor relationship with landlord or neighbors***. Groups of respondents more likely to have had this problem in the past year include those diagnosed with or treated for a mental health or substance use disorder, and respondents currently living in a shelter or are homeless.
- One tenth, 10.2%, of respondents had a problem with ***a lack of rental history or previous eviction***. Respondents who are homeless or living in a shelter were more likely to have had this problem in the past year.
- Housing related problems experienced by less than a tenth of respondents include One or more misdemeanor or felony convictions (9.5%), being evicted (7.3%), mold (7.3%), heat or oven/stove not working (7.3%), lead paint or lead pipes (6.6%), water leaks (6.6%), no or not working smoke detectors (5.1%), owe a previous landlord money (e.g., for unpaid rent, fees or damages) (4.4%), and unsafe water supply or no running water (2.2%).



House Related Issues Experienced in Past Year

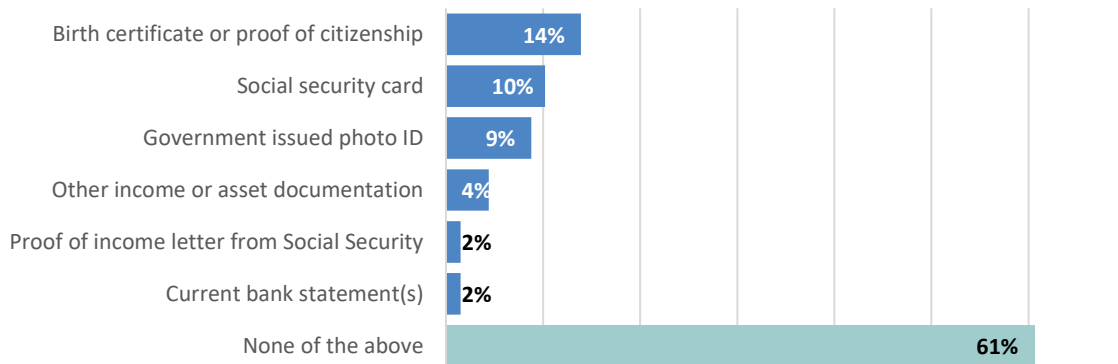
In the past year, did you or anyone in your house have any of these problems that made it hard to find or stay in housing?



The two housing documents that respondents were most likely to need help obtaining included birth certificate or proof of citizenship (13.9%) and a social security card (10.2%). Other housing-related documents respondents needed assistance with are listed below.

Housing Documents Need Help With

Do you need help obtaining the following housing documents?





Finally, respondents were asked what kind of help would make it easier for them to meet their housing needs. The most common responses were more affordable rent or housing (30.2%), employment (14.0%), assistance with bills (11.6%), and transportation or driver's licenses or ID (9.3%). Other housing-related assistance needed is included in the table below.

Housing Assistance Needed		
	N	%
More affordable rent/housing	13	30.2%
Employment	6	14.0%
Assistance with bills	5	11.6%
Transportation/Driver's License/ID	4	9.3%
Understanding/helpful landlords	3	7.0%
More money	3	7.0%
Assistance with furniture	2	4.7%
Assistance with utilities	2	4.7%
Help in getting signed up for assistance programs	2	4.7%
Assistance for DV victims	1	2.3%
Budgeting assistance	1	2.3%
Help getting caught up on rent/mortgage	1	2.3%
Help cleaning	1	2.3%
Home health aide	1	2.3%
Total	45	(n=43)

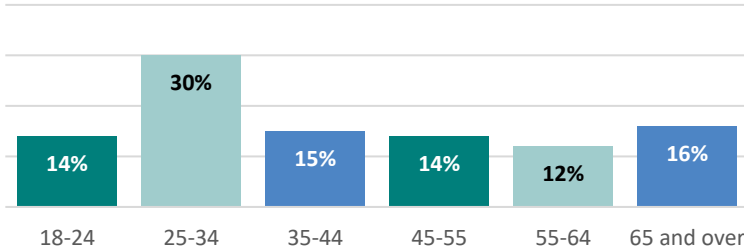
What kind of help would make it easier for you in meeting your housing needs (Please be specific.)





Respondent Demographics

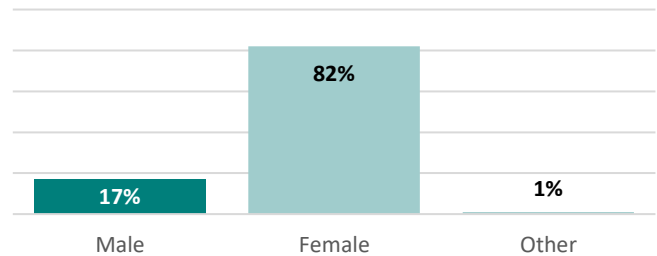
Respondent Age



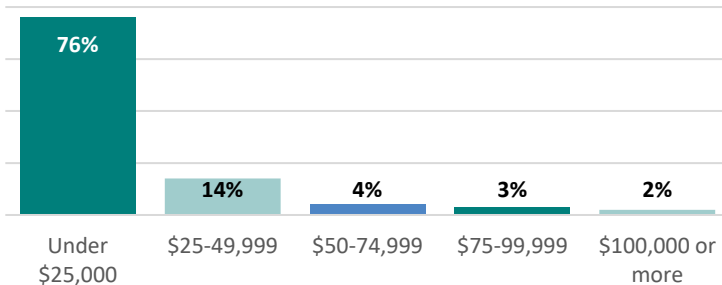
Age	N	%
18-24	18	14.1%
25-34	38	29.7%
35-44	19	14.8%
45-55	18	14.1%
55-64	15	11.7%
65 and over	20	15.6%
Total	129	(n=129)

Respondent Gender

Gender	N	%
Male	23	17.4%
Female	108	81.8%
Other	1	0.8%
Total	132	(n=132)



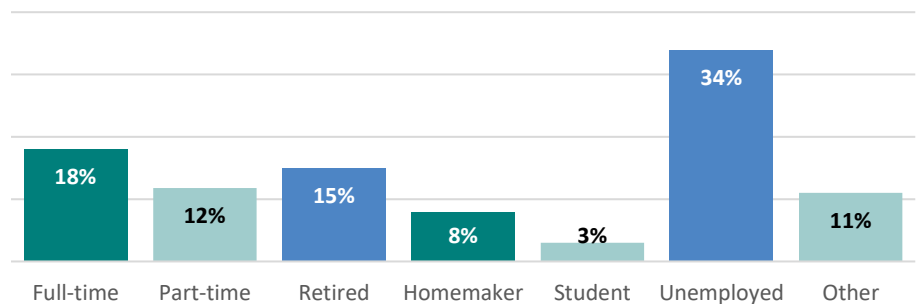
Household Income



Income	N	%
Under \$25,000	95	76.0%
\$25-49,999	18	14.4%
\$50-74,999	5	4.0%
\$75-99,999	4	3.2%
\$100,000 or more	3	2.4%
Total	125	(n=125)

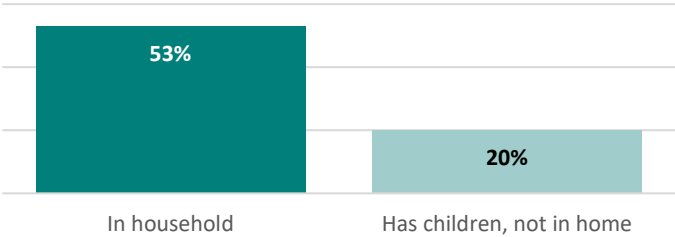
Employment Status

Employment	N	%
Full-time	24	18.3%
Part-time	16	12.2%
Retired	19	14.5%
Homemaker	10	7.6%
Student	4	3.1%
Unemployed	44	33.6%
Other	14	10.7%
Total	131	(n=131)





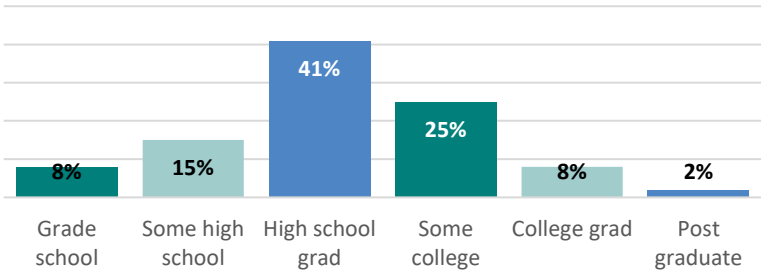
Children in Household



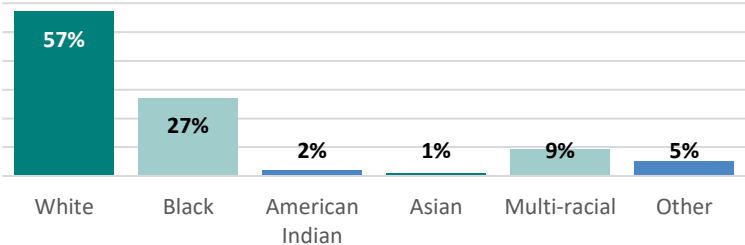
Children under 18	N	%
In household	69	53.1%
Has them, not in home	26	20.0%
Total	N=130	

Education	N	%
Grade school	11	8.4%
Some high school	20	15.3%
High school grad	54	41.2%
Some college	33	25.2%
College grad	10	7.6%
Post graduate	3	2.3%
Total	131	100%

Education Attainment



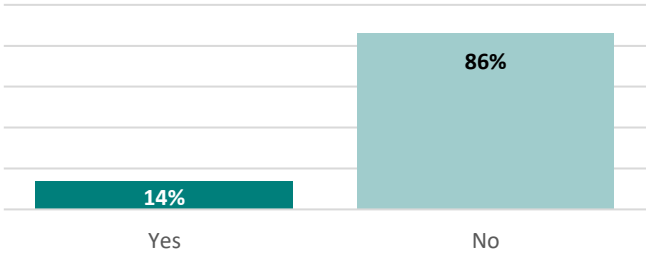
Race



Race	N	%
White	74	57.4%
Black	35	27.1%
American Indian	2	1.6%
Asian	1	0.8%
Multi-racial	11	8.5%
Other	6	4.7%
Total	129	(n=129)

Hispanic	N	%
Yes	19	14.4%
No	113	85.6%
Total	132	(n=132)

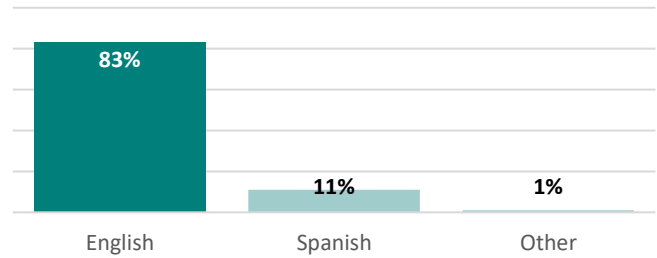
Hispanic or Latino



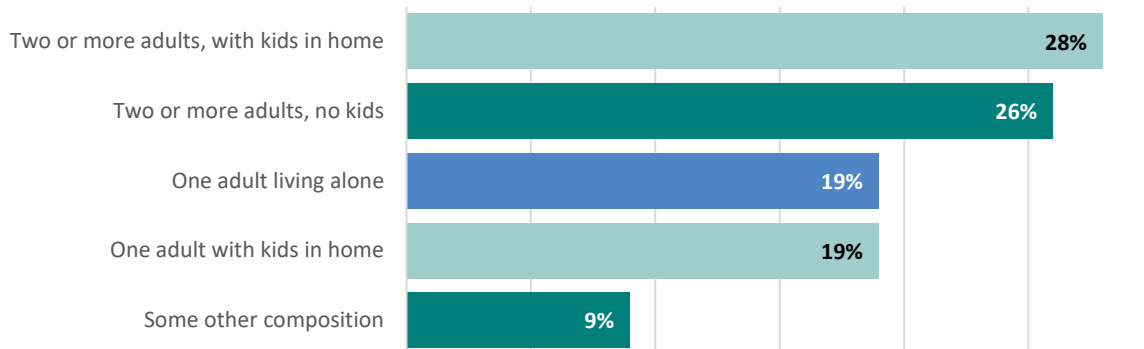


Languages Spoken at Home

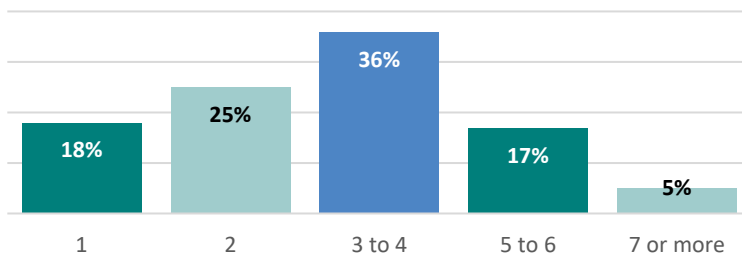
Gender	N	%
English	113	82.5%
Spanish	15	10.9%
Other	1	0.8%
Total	137	(n=137)



Household Composition

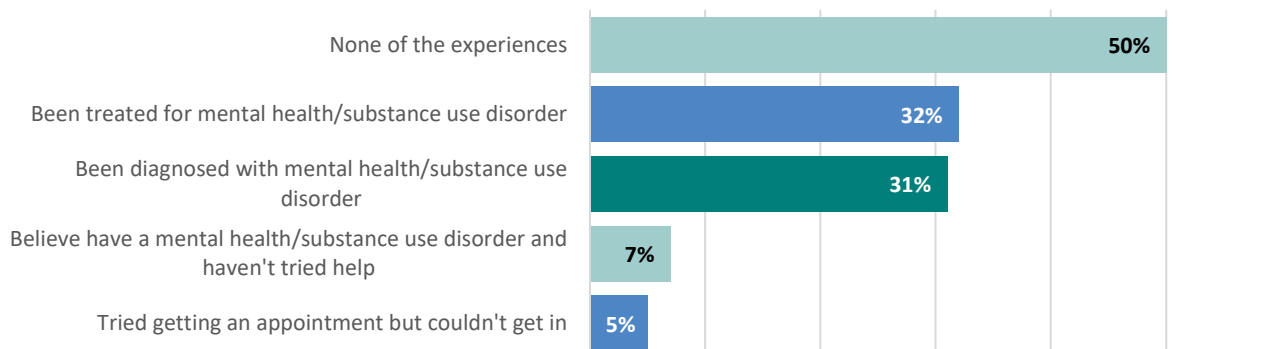


Number of People in Home

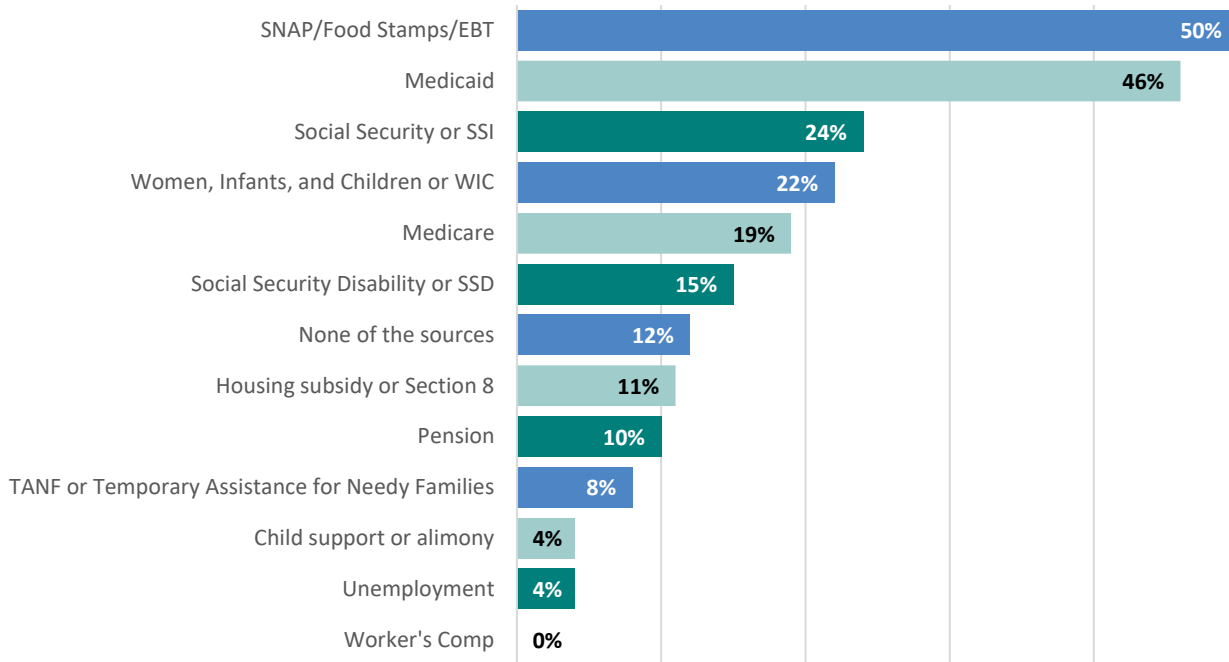


Number	N	%
1	20	18.3%
2	27	24.8%
3-4	39	35.8%
5-6	18	16.5%
7 or more	5	4.6%
Total	109	(n=109)

Respondent or Someone in Home. . . .



Sources of Income or Benefits



Area/Zip Code	N	%
44646	20	16.1%
44703	13	10.5%
44707	13	10.5%
44705	11	8.9%
44706	11	8.9%
44708	9	7.3%
44720	9	7.3%
44714	7	5.6%
44647	6	4.8%
44601	4	3.2%
44709	3	2.4%
44710	3	2.4%
44721	3	2.4%
44702	2	1.6%
44704	2	1.6%
44718	2	1.6%
44319	1	0.8%
44614	1	0.8%
44641	1	0.8%
44644	1	0.8%
44666	1	0.8%
44730	1	0.8%
Total	124	100%

Survey Instrument

Barriers to Getting Services and Care Survey

Please take a moment to answer a few questions about the needs of you and your family.
Responses are confidential and will only be used for ongoing program improvement.

OVERALL FAMILY NEEDS

1. What would you say are the **3 MOST important ISSUES** facing your household or family today?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

2. Have any of the following **EVER** prevented you or anyone in your household from being able to go to the doctors or other health-related appointments? *(Select all that apply.)*

- ☐ Transportation *(not having a way to get to things you need)*
- ☐ Food Insecurity *(not having enough food for yourself and your family)*
- ☐ Health Literacy *(not understanding your health issues or what you're supposed to do)*
- ☐ Utility Costs *(not having enough money or support for electric, gas, water or other services)*
- ☐ Housing *(having trouble finding a place to live or paying for my house or rent)*
- ☐ None of the above

TRANSPORTATION NEEDS

3. How often are you **UNABLE** to get to where you need to go because of not having a way to get there?

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ Rarely or never | ☐ More than once a month |
| ☐ Several times a year | ☐ Once a week or more often |
| ☐ About once a month | |

4. In the past year, did-you or anyone in your household experience any of the following? *(Select all that apply.)*

- ☐ Difficulty buying a vehicle because of credit
- ☐ Difficulty maintaining or repairing a vehicle
- ☐ Difficulty keeping vehicle insurance coverage
- ☐ No access to a household vehicle
- ☐ No valid driver's license
- ☐ Unable to use bus service because the closest bus stop was too far away
- ☐ Unable to use bus service because cost
- ☐ Unable to afford Uber, Lyft, or cab services
- ☐ Unable to get gas because of cost of gas
- ☐ Unable to pay fines or tickets
- ☐ Unable to afford car payment
- ☐ Ride from friends or family fell through
- ☐ Do not have others to rely on for a ride
- ☐ Work schedule changed and affected transportation options
- ☐ Unable to drive or use bus service easily because of a disability
- ☐ None of the above

**5. Within the past year, HOW OFTEN did transportation prevent you from getting to:** *(Select one per row.)*

	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always
Behavioral/mental health services	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Medical care	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
A job interview	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
A Job	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Education (school or training program)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Daycare	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Food/grocery stores	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Social/recreational activities	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Religious/spiritual activities	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Personal care (hair, shopping, errands, etc.)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Legal appointment (for example- getting to court date, meeting with attorney, etc.)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Somewhere in the community to pay a bill	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

6. What do you need (regarding transportation) to make sure you and your family can get to the places you need to be like a job or doctor's appointment? *(Please be specific.)***FOOD INSECURITY****7. In the past year, did you or anyone in your household experience any of the following?***(Select all that apply.)*

- Have trouble getting enough food
- Running out of food before your next paycheck
- Couldn't afford to eat healthy meals
- Ate less or skipped meals because there wasn't enough money for food
- Lost weight or had a health problem because there wasn't enough money for food
- Not enough time for shopping or cooking
- No working stove or cooktop available
- No working refrigerator available
- Didn't know how to prepare the food given to your household
- Too hard to get to the grocery store
- None of the above

8. In the past year, did you or anyone in your household get help with food from any of the following? *(Select all that apply.)*

- | | |
|---|--|
| WIC | Food pantries |
| Friends/relatives | Food stamps/EBT/SNAP |
| Home delivered meals | Special food assistance during holidays (baskets, meals, etc.) |
| Free or reduced school breakfast or lunch | Voucher or coupon program (such as produce perks or senior farmers market nutrition program) |
| Shelters | None of the above |
| Summer breakfast programs | |
| Community meal sites | |





9. In the past year, did you or anyone in your household do any of these things to make sure you had enough money for food?

(Select all that apply.)

Moved into a shelter
Not paid rent or mortgage on time
Moved in with family or friends
Got an additional job
Neglected healthcare needs
Didn't take medicine or renew prescription

Used payday loan services
Borrowed from a friend or family
Not paid utilities on time *(water, electric, phone, etc.)*
Other (please specify) _____
None of the above

10. Which of the following would help you in getting enough food for you and your family? *(Select all that apply.)*

Being able to get around easier or having better transportation
Learning how to plan money for food
Learning how to cook
Learning how to grow your own food
Having a place to grow your own food
Affordable childcare
Affordable housing

Help in applying for food stamps, WIC or other food programs
Have a grocery store nearby
Have fresh fruits and vegetables in a store nearby
Affordable utilities (water, electric, phone)
Other (please specify) _____
None of the above

11. What do you think is needed in this community to help you get enough food and fresh fruits and vegetables for you and your family? *(Please be specific.)*

HEALTH INFORMATION

12. In the past year, did you or anyone in your household have trouble with any of the following? *(Select all that apply.)*

Reading
Math
Speaking English
Reading English
Writing English
Using a computer
Finding a doctor or mental health provider
Following written directions from your doctor or provider

Completing health questionnaires at the doctor's or provider
Understanding words used by the providers
Understanding how risky behaviors or choices you make impact health
Calling doctor or provider for appointments or follow-ups
None of the above

13. How easy or hard is it for you to understand what your doctor or provider tells you during visits or when you get back home?

☐ Very hard ☐ Somewhat hard ☐ Not hard at all

14. How easy or hard is it for you to understand what your pills or medicines are for and how to take them?

☐ Very hard ☐ Not hard at all
☐ Somewhat hard ☐ Do not take medications





15. Do you have access to (Select one per row.)

	Yes	No
A computer at home?	☐	☐
A computer someplace else when you need one?	☐	☐
Internet at home?	☐	☐
Internet someplace else when you need it?	☐	☐

16. What could doctors or nurses do to help you understand your health information better? (Please be specific.)

17. What other things would help you understand your health information better? (Please be specific.)

UTILITY ASSISTANCE

18. Have you (Select one per row.)

	Yes	No
Ever gotten a disconnection notice for your electricity, gas or water service?	☐	☐
In the last year, did your electricity ever get turned off because you couldn't pay the bill?	☐	☐
In the last year, did your gas ever get turned off because you couldn't pay the bill?	☐	☐
In the last year, did your water ever get turned off because you couldn't pay the bill?	☐	☐

19. In the past year, did anyone in your home have any of the following problems because of your electric, gas, or water bills?

(Select all that apply.)

Skipped paying a bill or pay less than whole bill
Closed off part of home because couldn't afford to heat or cool it
Kept home at a temperature that felt unsafe or unhealthy at any time of the year
Used kitchen stove or oven to provide heat
Had a foreclosure on mortgage
Got a payday loan to cover expenses
Went without food for at least one day
Went without medical or dental care

Moved in with friends or family
Moved into a shelter or been homeless
Didn't fill a prescription or took less than what was prescribed
Heating system broke and were unable to pay for its repair or replacement
Air conditioner was broken and were unable to pay for its repair or replacement
None of the above

20. What kind of help would make it easier for you to pay your gas, electric, or water bills? (Please be specific.)



HOUSING ASSISTANCE

21. What amount of your monthly income goes to your rent or mortgage?

- ☐ Less than a third
 ☐ Between a third and a half
 ☐ More than half

22. Which of the following best describes where you live right now? (Select one.)

- ☐ I own my home
 ☐ I am staying in a shelter or am homeless
☐ I rent my home or apartment
 ☐ Other (please specify) _____
☐ I live with friends or family

23. In the past year, did you or anyone in your house have any of these problems that made it hard to find or stay in housing? (Select all that apply.)

- | | |
|--|---|
| Paying rent on time | Bug infestation such as insects, cockroaches, bedbugs, mosquitos, ticks |
| Poor relationship with landlord or neighbors | Mold |
| Taking care of things around the house | Lead paint or lead pipes |
| Being evicted | No or not working smoke detectors |
| Lack of rental history or previous eviction | Heat or oven/stove not working |
| Lack of credit history or poor credit | Water leaks |
| One or more misdemeanor or felony convictions | Unsafe Water Supply or no running water |
| Owe a previous landlord money (e.g., for unpaid rent, fees or damages) | Wait list for public housing |
| Rodents such as mice or rats | None of the above |

24. Do you need help obtaining the following housing documents? (Select all that apply.)

- | | |
|--|--|
| Social security card | Proof of income letter from Social Security |
| Government issued photo ID (e.g., passport, state issued ID, military ID) | Current bank statement(s) |
| Birth certificate or proof of citizenship/ permanent legal residency in the U.S. | Other income or asset documentation (please specify) _____ |
| | None of the above |

25. What kind of help would make it easier for you in meeting your housing needs (Please be specific.)

DEMOGRAPHICS

26. Do any of the following apply to you or anyone in your household? (Select all that apply.)

- ☐ Been diagnosed with a mental health or substance use disorder
☐ Been (or being treated) treated for a mental health or substance use disorder
☐ Believe you or household member have a mental health or substance use disorder and haven't tried getting help
☐ Tried to get help for a mental health or substance use disorder but couldn't get an appointment
☐ None of the above

27. Are there any children under the age of 18 living in your household?

- ☐ Yes
 ☐ No

28. Do you have any children under the age of 18 that do not live with you?

- ☐ Yes
 ☐ No

29. What sources of income or benefits do you or anyone living in your household have? *(Select all that apply.)*

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ Unemployment | ☐ Medicaid |
| ☐ Child support or alimony | ☐ Medicare |
| ☐ TANF or Temporary Assistance for Needy Families | ☐ SNAP/Food Stamps/EBT |
| ☐ Social Security or SSI | ☐ Women, Infants and Children or WIC |
| ☐ Social Security Disability/SSD | ☐ Worker's compensation |
| ☐ Pension | ☐ None of the above |
| ☐ Housing subsidy or Section 8 | |

30. Which of the following best represents the total yearly income for your family, before taxes?

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| ☐ Under \$25,000 | ☐ \$50,000 - \$74,999 | ☐ \$100,000 or more |
| ☐ \$25,000 - \$49,999 | ☐ \$75,000 - \$99,999 | |

31. What is your age group?

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ☐ 18-24 | ☐ 35-44 | ☐ 55-64 |
| ☐ 25-34 | ☐ 45-54 | ☐ 65 and over |

32. What is your current employment status?

- | | |
|---|---|
| ☐ Employed full-time, 35 hours or more per week | ☐ Student not working |
| ☐ Employed part-time, 34 or fewer hrs per week | ☐ Unemployed |
| ☐ Retired | ☐ Other _____ |
| ☐ Homemaker, not employed outside the home | |

33. Which of the following statements BEST describes the household you are currently living in:

- ☐ There are two or more adults with no children that live in the household
- ☐ There are two or more adults with at least one child age 17 or younger that live in the household
- ☐ There is one adult with at least one child age 17 or younger that live in the household
- ☐ There is one adult living alone in the household
- ☐ Some other household composition

34. How many people live in your current residence? *(Enter number of people, including yourself.)* _____

35. What is the highest level of education you have completed?

- | | |
|--|--|
| ☐ Grade school | ☐ Some college, trade school, or 2-year degree |
| ☐ Some high school | ☐ College graduate (Bachelor's) |
| ☐ High school graduate | ☐ Post-graduate degree |

36. What is your race? How would you classify yourself?

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ White | ☐ Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander |
| ☐ Black/African-American | ☐ Multi-racial |
| ☐ American Indian or Alaska Native | ☐ Something else |
| ☐ Asian | |

37. Are you Hispanic or Latino?

38. Which of the following languages are spoken in your home?

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ☐ English | ☐ Spanish | ☐ Other _____ |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

39. What is your zip code? _____

40. Do you describe yourself as a man, a woman, or in some other way?

